McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXI. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1884. NUMBER 48.

McKean County Miner

[illegible], Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

Mail via B. & K. R. R. leaves Smethport [illegible] and arrives at 6:25.

Mail via B. N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at [illegible] and leaves at 2 p. m.

Clermont & Colegrove Mail leaves at 12 m. arrives at 2.00 p. m.

Kasson Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m. and departs at 2 p. m. same days.

Money orders will not be issued or [illegible] between 2 p. m. and 2.30 p. m.

[illegible] one day for delivery of mail [illegible]

M. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 388, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. D. GALLUP, W. M.

G. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 142, meets every Tuesday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

SHERIDAN GORTON, M. W.

[illegible], Recorder.

G. A. R.

Post [illegible] G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

B. F. WRIGHT, Com.

A. I. Hughes, Adj't.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Saturday evening at Backus Hall.

[illegible] W. KING, N. G.

W. H. [illegible], Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—Wm. [illegible], pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 10 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. S. S. Teacher's Meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Choir Meetings [illegible] evenings at 7 o'clock.

BAPTIST.—[illegible], pastor. Preaching [illegible] ... All are welcome.

[illegible] EPISCOPAL.—[illegible]

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—[illegible], pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. [illegible] Sunday School at 4 p. m. [illegible] services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Backus.

[illegible]—Frank Moses.

Council—A. M. Armstrong, Wm. Kinner, A. D. Burbank, John Brennan, W. D. Gallup, Chris. [illegible]

Constable—H. T. [illegible]

School Directors—[illegible], H. T. Metcalf, J. W. Brennan, J. C. Backus, E. L. Keenan, H. C. Wilson.

Assessor—L. M. Smith, P. Ford.

Auditors—T. F. Richmond, W. Z. [illegible]

Commissioners—D. C. Hamlin, A. D. Burbank.

Judge of Election—A. I. Gifford.

Inspectors—S. A. Backus, G. M. Smith.

Treasurer—Wesley Gifford.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport.

Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; P. M. Fuller, Bradford.

Member of Congress—W. W. Brown, Bradford.

State Senator—L. Emery Jr., Bradford.

Member of Assembly—David Sterrett, Smethport.

District Attorney—F. Mesweeney, Smethport.

Sheriff—A. I. Wilcox, Bradford.

Prothonotary—John P. [illegible], Bradford.

County Treasurer—C. C. Melvin, Bradford.

Commissioners—A. T. Palmer, Duke City; [illegible] Johnson, Bradford; A. Blakie, Smethport.

Commissioners' Clerk—John E. Shoemaker, Smethport.

Jury Commissioners—D. C. Pattison, R. F. Clark.

Auditors—A. F. Reeves, F. K. Washburn, A. V. Stevens.

Mercantile Appraiser—J. H. Dunkley, East Smethport.

Coroner—R. A. Dempsey, Bradford.

County School Superintendent—W. H. Campbell.

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September and third Monday of December.

State.

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.

Lieutenant Governor—Chauncey F. Black.

Auditor General—John A. Lemon.

State Treasurer—Silas M. Bailey.

Secretary of Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Africa.

BLANK PRINTING

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES, CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print at short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

MISCELLANEOUS

BINGHAM ESTATE

ROBT. H. ROSE

is authorized to receive moneys for me, and applications to buy lands. He will give information generally in any business of this Estate in McKean County. His office is over [illegible]

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK

ROBT. L. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

[illegible], Dec. 18, 1878.

[illegible] of the Bingham Estate.

[illegible], Feb'y 25, 1880.

[illegible] are hereby cautioned against [illegible] on unsold lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any persons, for any purpose, will make such persons or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have on them drafts which show their location. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidence, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. L. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

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ALFRED STURDVEINT

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In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

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Preservation of natural teeth a specialty.

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HAMLIN & SON,

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Advice in Counsel. Examinations in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

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(Office in Grand Central Block.)

SMETHPORT PA.

JOHN C. BACKUS SHERIDAN GORTON

BACKUS & GORTON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

E. L. KEENAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE—Grand Central Block, Rooms 1 & 2.

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All legal business attended to promptly.

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Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office in Davis and Wright Block,

Bradford, Pa.

Thos. A. Morrison, John M. Apple, Notary Public.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office Miner Block, Church Street

Smethport, Pa.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BRADFORD, PA

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

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McSWEENEY & BYLES,

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Room 10, Oil Exchange,

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BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

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Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

[illegible] A. LEE WEIL

[illegible] & WEIL,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office in Pompelon Hall,

Bradford, Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Corner Main and Pine Sts.

Bradford, Pa.

JAMES C. BOYCE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES.

Office, Room 1, Cor. Main & Webster Sts.

Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. [illegible],

Attorney at Law and Notary Public.

Eldred, McKean Co., Pa.

D. [illegible],

ATTORNEY AT LAW

PORT ALLEGANY PA

will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

F. D. REEVES,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

(Office in Roberts & Bradley Block.)

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

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OFFICE: Room No. 7, Rockwell House.

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H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Backus Building, Main street.

Smethport, Pa.

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Telephone connection from Davis store—one long ring.

S. A. [illegible],

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT

Smethport Pa.

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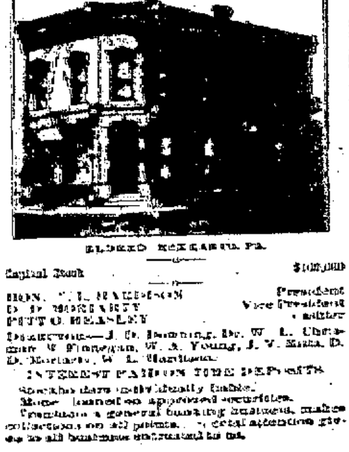
Bankers.

THE ELDRED BANK.



ELDRED, McKEAN CO. PA.

Capital Stock $100,000

HON. [illegible] President

D. P. MORIARTY Vice President

PITT O. BEASLEY Cashier

DIRECTORS—J. C. Bunning, Dr. W. L. Chrisman, W. Finnegan, W. A. Young, J. V. Mills, D. D. Moriarty, W. L. Hardison.

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Stockholders individually liable. Money loaned on approved securities. Transacts a general banking business, makes collections on all points. Special attention given to all business entrusted to us.

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B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

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FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

Tables and Bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

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This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

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Located directly opposite the McK. & B. and B. N. Y. & P. R.R. depots. The house has recently been rebuilt and newly furnished in the most modern style and is now a first-class house.

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Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best Hotels in McKean County.

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 8 Washington St.

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MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms [illegible]

Broezel's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets

BUFFALO, N. Y

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

WHY DO YOU

go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

We employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN.

All of our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT OUR SHOP and we will convince you that we can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

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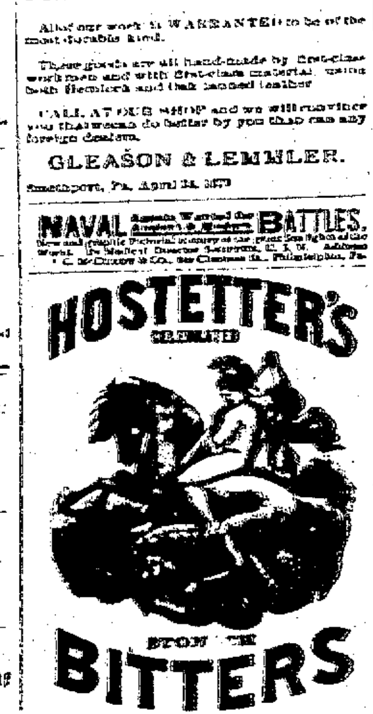
Smethport, Pa., April 24, 1879.

NAVAL Agents Wanted for Ancient & Modern BATTLES. New and graphic Pictorial history of the great Sea fights of the World. By Medical Director Shippen, U. S. N. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., 630 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.



Protection.

No such protective against chills and fever and other diseases of a malarial type exists as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It relieves constipation, liver disorders, rheumatism, kidney and bladder ailments with certainty and promptitude. A change, as gradual as it is complete, soon takes place in the appearance, as well as the sensations of the wan and haggard [illegible] who uses this standard promoter of health and strength.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

JAMES T. DONOHUE.

PLUMBER

SMETHPORT, PA.

In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam [illegible] Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Iron Sinks, Pumps, &c.

AN OLD PICTURE.

The sweetest picture that memory brings,
The dearest of all departed things,
Is the old brown house, with its open door,
Its wide flung windows, and spotless floor.

Tall hollyhocks by the footpaths grow,
And sweet old fashioned balls of snow,
That tell of a beauty loving heart,
Unlearned in a single rule of art.

I can see again the tansey bed,
And the apples ripening overhead;
The mullin stalks, with crowns of gold,
And the blossoming asters manifold.

I can hear again the patient tread
Of the gentle mother, long since dead;
I can feel her hand upon my brow,
Ah! the earth has no such healing now.

For the race of women has passed away
That blessed the land in its earlier day;
And quaint old houses, low and brown,
Are found unhealthy, and all torn down.

The world moves on, its progress brings
Grand reforms, unthreamed of things;
But nothing modern can fill the place
Of the dear old home and mother's face.

THANKSGIVING.

HELEN WHITNEY CLARK.

"An so you've sold your farm, Belindy?"

"Yes, an I must say I'm glad of it. A lone woman ain't got no business a trying to farm, no way. Though I must say I've made out pretty well this year. I cleared six hundred dollars on the wheat, over and above payin fur the harvestine, thrashin an the like. An I've sold the hay, clover and timothy mixed, fur about three hundred more. But it's awful wearin on a woman, to a-tendin to things and watchin that the hands don't shirk nor nothin. As I was a-sayin, a lone woman ain't got no business with a farm. 'Twas different before Aaron died," and Mrs. Belinda Blossom gave a regretful sigh to the memory of the dead and gone Aaron.

"You needn't to be a lone woman no longer'n you want to Belindy," quietly observed her sister, Mrs. Jerusha Hatch. "There's Deacon Gibbs now, would give his eyes to——"

"Don't say Deacon Gibbs to me," retorted the widow. "Don't I know what he's after? Don't he know as well as I do that I've got eight thousand dollars put away safe in the Bluegrass Bank? I haven't a doubt he'd like to git the handlin of it, but he never will, I kin tell him that."

"Sho, now, Belindy," remonstrated Mrs. Hatch, "whats the use o' makin the poor man out wuss'n he is? I don't know as he's any likelier to be after the money than Lawyer Green."

"Lawyer Green's got money himself, an it stands to reason 'taint so much of an objeck to him. Besides I ain't said——"

"Oh no, you haint said, I know but a body kin put two and two together, I reckin. Well, all I've got to say, I'd ruther have Deacon Gibbs any day, if twas me, then that smooth-spoke, iley-lookin lawyer. But I must be a gittin home; Bijah'll want his supper, time it's ready," and Mrs. Hatch rolled up her knitting, wrapped it carefully in a cloth and put on her black sunbonnet and her blue yarn "halfhands."

"You might have stayed to supper, Jemima," said the widow, reproachfully. "I was a going to have cream cookies on some of them Lawton blackberry preserves you're so fond of."

"Wal, I'd like mighty well to stay, Belindy, but Bijah, he'll be a lookin fur me to het supper ready when he comes in from the field. He's allus as hungry as a beaver at night; an I ain't left nothin cooked so he could get himself a bit. I reckin I better go. You goin' to Miss Larcom's quiltin next week?"

"Oh, I s'pose so Miss Larcom would get miffed if I didn't," and after another five or ten minutes of conversation Mrs. Hatch got started for home.

Mrs. Belindy Blossom was a typical widow, fair, fat, and not quite forty, and was known as the best housekeeper in and around the neighborhood where she lived.

With even less personal attractions and good qualities than she possessed, she might have changed her widow's weeds for bridal attire long ago, had she so desired. However, for some reasons best known to herself, had preferred to remain a 'lone woman,' as she called it, so far. Whether she intended to remain so much longer was a question which puzzled herself quite as much as it did some other parties.

* * * * *

It was the day of Mrs. Larcom's quilting and supper was almost ready. The quilt was already out, and by a little preconcerted maneuver on the part of the fun-loving girls, it had been thrown over the widow's head when taken out of the frame—a piece of mischief which afforded no little amusement, as according to time-honored tradition, whoever the quilt is first thrown over, is soon to become a bride.

Mrs. Blossom bore here honors blushingly, and her cheeks were still covered with crimson, when the gentlemen began to drop in just before supper.

Lawyer Green, who was among the first to arrive, was profuse in his attention to the blooming widow, much to the discomfiture of his less fortunate rival, who could sit in the corner and cast despairing glances at the object of his affections.

"Just look at Deacon Gibbs," whispered Mahala Williams to Dorcas Lamb. "He looks like a hen on a hot griddle, while Lawyer Greene is a-courting the widow."

Dorcas tittered out loud, whereupon the deacon grew red in the face, as if aware that he was the object of their mirth.

"Wal, I reckon I'll be a-goin, Miss Larcom," he announced, approaching the hostess a short time later. "I only just dropped in to see how you was all a gitting along."

"Oh you must stay to supper, deacon; it's a'most ready now, an I can't let you go before that," declared the hostess, determinedly. But the deacon was equally determined and go he did.

"Deacon Gibbs! Deacon Gibbs! stop a minute, I want to speak to you," cried Mrs. Hatch, rushing out to the porch, where he stood, looking a little bewildered at the unexpected summons.

"I want to ask you to come over the day after to-morrow—Thanksgiving day, you know—and eat dinner with us. Now don't say no—there won't be anybody there only Belindy an our folks. Say you'll come!"

"Wal, I dunno, Mrs. Hatch," said the deacon, uneasily. "I thank you kindly for the invite, but I've been a feeling kind of blue for a good spell now, an I don't know as I'd be fittin company to go an eat Thanksgiving dinners with folks when I'm blue."

"Sho! that's all nonsense, deacon, you must come now, an I shall be a lookin fur you." And good-hearted little Mrs. Hatch ran back into the house before Deacon Gibbs had time to make another protest.

If Mrs. Blossom noticed the deacon's departure, she betrayed no consciousness of the fact, but demurely continued her flirtation with the lawyer.

Supper, the great event of the day was ready at last, and the guests were doing ample justice to the plentiful array of viands set before them. Boiled ham, chicken pot pie, mashed potatoes and turnips, apple-sauce, custard pie, jelly cake, cookies and doughnuts, all were placed on the table together and the guests were invited to help themselves, which they did with a will.

The meal was well under way, and conversation had flagged considerably, for with hungry people eating and talking are not to be carried on together, when a new arrival came in in the person of Hiram Primm, the storekeeper's clerk.

Hiram was soon seated at the table, helping himself right and left to the still abundant substantials and luxuries on the board.

"Heard the news?" he asked, after partaking a few mouthfuls. "Haint? Wal, the Bluegrass Bank is busted—smashed clean up. Creditors won't get five cents on the dollar."

Exclamations of surprise greeted the unexpected tidings from all sides.

The Widow Blossom turned pale, and gazed wildly at the speaker.

Lawyer Greene also turned countenance as he glanced furtively at Mrs. Blossom's face.

"Is that really so, Hiram?" he asked anxiously.

"It's reely so," declared Hiram. "It will be in the papers to-morrow morning."

"Why, Lawyer Greene, you hain't got money there, hev you?"

"Oh, no, certainly not. My funds are secure on real estate. I don't trust to banks," responded the lawyer, complacently.

"Wal, I'm thankful to say my money ain't there, either," said Hiram gravely, thereby causing a general laugh, as it was a well-known fact that Hiram spent his wages as fast as he earned them.

No one noticed the widow's changed demeanor, though she still looked pale and declined a second piece of squash pie.

But Lawyer Greene seemed suddenly to have changed his tactics, and was now evidently bent on getting up a flirtation with Martha Williams.

The widow's money affairs were not generally known among her acquaintances, consequently she escaped their condolences. Jemima Hatch though managed to whisper a few words of sympathy in her ear.

"Don't worry about, Belindy," she urged; "I'll come over and see you to-morrow, and we'll talk it over." But Mrs. Blossom did not recover her spirits.

Lawyer Greene did not appear to notice when the widow rose to leave, compelling her to accept the protection of half-grown Tom Larcom, much to the surprise of all who noticed the circumstance.

"He was awful sweet on the widder at first," they whispered. "She must of give the mitten," and the next day it was currently reported that Lawyer Greene had proposed to widow Blossom and been rejected. So much for the truth of what "they say."

Jemima paid the promised visit bright and early the next morning. She found her sister looking pale and dejected.

"How bad is it, Belindy?" she asked. "Did you put all your money in the bank?"

"All—every cent of it," groaned the widow.

"Wal, it is too bad, but never mind, you don't have to give up the house right away, do you?"

"No; not till March."

"So much the better, then; though of course you could have a home with us, right away. But there's your cows and chickens, and such things. They'll bring a better price after you have wintered 'em, and you kin sell 'em in the spring, and there will be so much gained."

After considerable more conversation on the subject, the widow seemed to brighten up a little, and her sister prepared to take her leave.

"Now you'll be sure to come up and eat a Thanksgiving dinner with us to-morrow, won't you, Belindy?" she urged, and Belindy promised.

Jemima's footsteps had died away, and the widow was still sitting forlorn and despondent, when her reverie was disturbed again.

"Good morning, Miss—Miss Blossom," said a hesitating voice, and there stood Deacon Gibbs, nervously twisting his hat in his hands.

The widow placed a chair for her visitor, and he sat down, looking more nervous and embarrassed than ever.

"I—I've just heerd," he began, "that you—that the Bluegrass Bank has busted, and you've lost all your money, and—and I—Oh, Belindy, won't you have me! Say you will, an' you shan't want fur nothin'! I know I ain't rich, but my farm is a good one, an' I've got it all in medder and pastur now, an' kin raise right o' stock, an' you should never know you'd lost a cent. Will you, Miss Blos—Belindy?"

And this was the man she had suspected of wanting her money? The widow hid her face in her hands and cried.

Mrs. Jerusha was in her element, cooking the Thanksgiving dinner, next day. But in the pauses, between basting the turkey and turning the pumpkin pies, she made frequent trips to the door, shading her eyes with her hand and gazing far down the winding country road.

"I wonder if nary one of 'em ain't a-comin', after all," she muttered now and then in tones of vexation and regret.

The turkey was roasted at last, the pies were done, and the table set, when on looking down the road again, she was rewarded by a discovery.

"That's the deacon's shay, now," she cried, "an' Belindy not here. Dear me, I wonder if she ain't a-comin' at all? I've a notion to send Bijah over to see."

Then she took another look.

"There's somebody with him—why, if it ain't Belindy herself! I'm so glad. They'll make a match yet, I jest do believe;" and she ran to open the front door.

"Come in, Belindy! Deacon, walk right in. So you did conclude to come after all."

The deacon smiled.

"Wal, yes, you see I ain't so blue as I was, Miss Hatch. An' then I've got something to be thankful fur now. We'd of got here sooner, only we've been to a weddin'."

"A wedding!" Mrs. Hatch opened her eyes in wonder. "Who was it?" she demanded.

"Our own, to be sure," smiled the deacon, with a loving glance at Belindy.

"Delays are dangerous, you know. So we jest drove around to the parson's an' had the preacher jine us right off. An' now your Thanksgiving dinner is turned into a weddin' dinner, Jemima."

Mrs. Hatch was as much pleased as surprised, and her roast turkey and pumpkin pies, with the other concomitants of a Thanksgiving dinner, answered quite as well for a wedding feast.

But it was not until dinner was over and Belindy had helped to wash the dishes that she confessed to her auditors a little secret which they did not suspect, namely, that she had drawn all her money out of the Bluegrass Bank the day before it broke; the lawyer's instant change of base on hearing the news of the failure induced her to preserve silence on the subject.

"I meant to invest it some other way," she exclaimed, "and I was awfully shocked when I heard the bank had broke. I couldn't help thinking what a narrow escape I'd had."

Deacon Gibbs had no reason to quarrel with his wife for keeping the secret, since it had saved her from his rival. And Mrs. Deacon Gibbs has never regretted the occurrence which decided her fate.

As for the lawyer, his chagrin upon learning the truth of the matter may be better imagined than described.—*Demorest's Monthly.*

Disinfected by Proxy.

[Chicago Times.]

Of all out-of-the-way modes of earning a living, perhaps the most curious is that which is flourishing just now at Geneva—being disinfected! Some open-eyed Genevese are in the habit of taking returned-tickets to some city just out of the city. There they join the trains from France, and, by detailing to the passengers the horrors of the compulsory disinfecting process, prevail upon them to exchange their foreign tickets for the return halves of the local tickets which the enterprising natives have just bought, giving, of course, a substantial consideration for the exchange. So the suspected traveler enters the city in peace, while the officials diligently proceed to suffocate the men who left the railway station a half an hour before.

Great Ones' Stimulants.

[New York Dial.]

The favorite stimulants of some of the great ones of history are as follows: Bonaparte used snuff; Byron's favorite drink was gin and water; Pope's, strong coffee; Mrs. Siddons', porter; Edmund Kean's, beef tea, cold brandy; W. E. Gladstone's, an egg beaten up in sherry; Miss Catley's, linseed tea and madeira. Disraeli was fond of champagne jelly. Schiller used to sit over a table deeply impregnated with the smell of decaying apples. He stimulated his brain with coffee and champagne. Lord Erskine and John Kemble used opium. Wedderburne, the first Lord Ashburton, used to place a blister on his chest when he had to make a great speech.

The Dude Pool.

[Boston Globe.]

There is a man around with a new scheme. He proposes a subterfuge by which men on limited salaries can keep up appearances to some extent. He makes a pool on a summer hat, for instance. Four men put in 50 cents each and buy a $2 hat. Each man is entitled to wear this hat one night in four. On this night he looms up on the principle streets or at the theatre. On the other three nights he skulks down back alleys with the "old plug," or remains at home. The same combination is proposed on other articles of apparel, and it seems to offer pleasing inducements to a number of "the boys."

Vitality of Proverbs.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

The literature of a country may perish, but proverbs never die, because they have in themselves a germ of life that renders them practically immortal. It is with the proverbs of a nation as with its proper names and the native flowers. Every kind of social, moral and political revolution may sweep over the land, the native language may disappear and the native people vanish before the sword of the destroyer, but the native names and the native flowers never perish, and the proverbs have an almost equal tenacity of life.

Dilapidated Sumter.

[Chicago Herald.]

Fort Sumter is now a very insignificant place compared to what it once was. It has been razed to one story, and looks quite dilapidated. It has on it a few guns, not more than half a dozen, and the foundation of the traverses of the best guns are rotten and unfit for even ten minutes of service.

The large, prominent eyes of the brilliant dragon flies or devil's darning-needles are each furnished with 28,000 polished lenses.

That is the best contentment which is always stirring with a noble discontent.

COL. ELLSWORTH'S ZOUAVES.

A Corps Which Revolutionized the Country's Military Drill.

[Ben: Perley Poore.]

The Chicago Zouaves, commanded by Col. Ellsworth (who was killed at the beginning of the civil war), came to Washington in August, 1860, after having been hospitably entertained at New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. This corps, which numbered seven officers and forty-two muskets, revolutionized the drill of the volunteer military organizations of the country. Their uniform was loose scarlet trousers, gaiter boots, and buff leather leggings, a blue jacket trimmed with orange colored braid, and a red cap with orange trimmings; their scarlet blankets were rolled on the top of their knapsacks. They drilled as light infantry, and moved like electric clocks. The entire drill lasted nearly three hours, including stoppages for rest, a few moments each time, and, although performed under a scorching sun, on the hot sand, and comprising a series of vigorous exercises, the men stood it well and attended strictly to their business.

Two or three accidentally lost their caps during the double-quick, and took not the slightest notice of it either at the time or subsequently, when the company came to a halt, a comrade placed the caps awry upon the owner's heads. Most men would have adjusted their head coverings to fit comfortably, but they did not make the slightest efforts to touch them until the order came to rest. The step of the Zouave was in itself a peculiarity, and strongly suggestive of frequent pedestrian and gymnastic preparation. The diminutive stature of the men, and their precision in accomplishing the allotted length of the step, gave to it something of a steady, loping movement, but yet so firm and springy that its effect was most animated.

Another feature in the general excellence of the Zouaves was noted, in their method of handling their arms, which, instead of the inanimate and gingerly treatment so observable even among finely-drilled companies when executing the manual, were grasped with a nervous energy of action and shifted with a spirit which was thrillingly suggestive of a will as well as the power to act. The visitors were quite boyish in appearance, and mostly of small stature, falling even below the ordinary size of short men in our cities. We doubt whether there was in the whole command a person above five feet ten inches in height; the commander, Col. Ellsworth, was seemingly the shortest in the corps, a really "little fellow," with a very youthful, but self-possessed, and firmly-marked countenance. Indeed, absolute self-reliance and a wild, insouciant air was the prevailing expression of nearly every individual of the corps. They were hospitably entertained by the Washington Light Infantry, and they visited Mount Vernon, their gallant commander little thinking, as they passed Alexandria, that he would there lose his life within a twelve-month.

Very Peculiar Customs.

["Walter" in Pittsburg Dispatch.]

A very peculiar custom prevails in the good old town of Wooster, Ohio, which is new to me, and, I think, is not known in many towns. When a person dies the relatives of the decedent send a printed notice of the fact of the death to every business firm of any importance in the place. The notice merely states that such and such a person is dead, and then gives the time of the funeral and where the services will be held. It is sent out as soon after the death as it is possible to arrange the details of the burial, but in no event is it promulgated later than the day on which the demise takes place.

Another peculiarity is that the court-house bell is always tolled as the coffin is being carried from the house to the hearse. It matters not who the person is nor whether it is man, woman or child, so far as the bell ringing is concerned. If the funeral procession passes along the main street, on which the court-house is located, the bell tolls from the time the first vehicle reaches the square in which the building stands until the last carriage goes out of sight. The death rate is very low in Wooster, or I should imagine it would be a gloomy place to live in. The tones of passing bells are not music which cheers.

A Little House of Many Pieces.

[New York Tribune.]

A model house, a monument to the patience of its builder, has just been completed by Policeman William Clark, of Harlem. It stands upon a platform three feet six inches long and eighteen inches wide. It is seventeen and a half inches high, nine inches wide and fifteen inches deep. It is two stories high, and has a mansard roof and bay windows. There are also a carriage-house, conservatory and summer-house. The front door, which is two and a half inches by one inch, has a sounding gong. The windows have tiny panes of glass, shades, curtains and blinds. The stairs have railings, the floors are carpeted and the rooms completely furnished. The kitchen is furnished with a range, boiler, sink and wash-tubs. The material of which the house is made is black walnut and ash, of which there are 3,500 pieces, joined with 6,200 nails. It was made with the aid of a penknife alone, and consumed five years in the construction. Policeman Clark is 72 years old, and has served forty-nine years on the force. He is the grandson of Ezra Clark, the ninth signer of the Declaration of Independence.

Wringing His Own Neck.

[Providence Journal.]

Many persons believe that an owl will keep his eyes so intently fixed on a person walking around him as to wring his own neck off, and it was not until some quick-eyed observer discovered that when the owl had turned his head half round, he whisked it back through the whole circle with the rapidity of lightning, and faced again the person who was experimenting on him.

A Spider's Web.

An ordinary spider's thread, just visible to the naked eye, is the union of a thousand or more fine and delicate threads of silk. These primary threads are drawn and united by the hind legs of the spider.

When to Put on Life-Preservers.

[Exchange.]

The weather was rough one day, and the ship was tossing wildly about. A parson, who was on board, approached the captain in a state of considerable trepidation, and inquired if there was any danger. The captain referred him to the crew. The preacher worked his way to the forecastle and found the occupants swearing at the weather with an emphasis that nearly paralyzed him. He returned to the captain and reported that the danger must be great, as the men were blaspheming horribly. The captain hastened to reassure him. He said: "If the crew are swearing it is all right, but when those fellows begin to pray you can put on your life-preserver."

The Jokes Not Wanted.

[Boston Bulletin.]

No, we don't want any jokes about book agents, lightning rod men, or girls wanting ice cream, or the size of Chicago girls' feet, or the old man and the back garden gate, or Boston baked beans; these have been so continually on duty that they cannot stand alone now and ought to have a rest as a reward for long and faithful service.

George W. Cable: The nonsense of those we love is better than the finest wit on earth.

NEW YORK BOARDING-HOUSES.

A Pessimistic View—Some Worse Than Others, Few Satisfactory.

[N. Y. Cor. Chicago Tribune.]

Apartments have greatly diminished the number of boarding-houses in this city, which at one time were almost the sole recourse of married couples obliged to support themselves on $1,500 to $1,800 a year. While there are yet boarding-houses enough to constitute a big town, there are not one-half as many, it is estimated, as there were twenty years ago. Thousands of people here will always patronize them, notwithstanding their defects, because they live from week to week, never trying to provide for the future, or arrange for a desirable improvement. There are, of course, boarding-houses and boarding-houses; some are infinitely worse than others; but those that are entirely satisfactory may be counted on the fingers. I have hardly met a man who at heart liked his boarding-house—unless he chanced to be in love with his landlady—and it is scarcely in the nature of things that such a place so conducted should be liked.

To keep a boarding-house is very seldom a business; it is generally a desperate attempt on the part of some unfortunate woman to get on in the world without capital or credit. She does not choose the trade; she is driven to it after nearly everything has gone wrong with her; she takes it up as a last resource and pushes it to extremes.

To the New York boarding-house years of endurance are required for reconcilement. It is rarely comfortable, interesting, or beautiful; its chief consequences being discontent, dyspepsia, and vulgarization. Many Manhattanese know no other life. They are to be deeply pitied, all the more because they are not aware that they are pitiable. They never have any chance to form an idea of home. They go from one boarding-house to another eating the same bad meals, listening to the same scandals, and bearing the same annoyances, with a slight variation incident to persons and places, until their world is composed of hunger for good food, tittle-tattle, back-biting, and stale culinary odors.

The metropolitan boarding-house is often externally fair to the eye; for it may be in what was a once pleasant home, whence the home people and home pleasantness have departed. But its interior betrays its character; it is barren, worn, cheap, repellant. Open the front door and the unmistakable aroma is exhaled. Step into the so-called drawing-room and the whole story is told.

Some boarding-houses here claim to be particularly genteel. Their proprietresses assume to be ladies in reduced circumstances, and they evince a kind of faded splendor of appearance, apparel and manner that may be corroborative or condemnatory. Their charges are equal to those of the best hotels, and it is thought to be a privilege to pay them. The boarders are considered extraordinarily nice, and never taken without recommendation. Everything is supposed to be swell; but the butter is seldom quite fresh, and the coffee is infernally bad. Those who have been at such refined retreats say that they are generally shams, and that the assumption of the landlady is useful in repressing the audacity of complaint.

Most boarding-houses, however, are placed on their own demerits. They ask $10 to $15 a week bluntly, and make no pretense, and dun diligently all who are remiss. Overdone or underdone dishes, maculate napkins, and slatternly servants are part of the programme. Nobody murmurs at the inevitable or seeks to change the law of poor supply and unsatisfied demand. At least 50,000 New Yorkers support those ill-managed houses and become cynical from what they endure there, without chance of improvement or hope of redress.

Many of our citizens in these days rent a suite of rooms and have no kitchen. They get their meals from restaurateurs or caterers, and they like the arrangement exceedingly. To dispense with cooking under one's own roof, or on one's premises, is a great gain. Bachelors now have their own quarters, specially designed for them, and are no longer obliged to depend on chance luck for their accommodations. They are a recognized class, and they have, with moderate means, many compensations which married men on their income can not secure.

A very common mode of living in New York is to make a bull—to live out of town. Thousands and thousands of industrious, capable, cultured citizens cannot earn enough to justify them in a city house. They do their work here, and rush to the country after hours and rush back early in the morning. They have little rest, but they keep out of debt, and feel that their children are in better health than they would be in such quarters as they could provide on Manhattan island. It is estimated that 250,000 persons sleep out of the city and spend their leisure in the suburbs. Many of them will desert the dormitories of Brooklyn, Jersey City, Newark, Yonkers and the surrounding places, when they can't afford the luxury of staying where they perform their labor. Americans have not yet begun to dwell in shanties or tenement houses, but they may come to it in time. They have every way to live here except an easy and economical way. Ninety-nine out of every hundred New Yorkers pass their years in trying to live in some other manner than seems possible or is really desirable.

A "Merry-Go-Round."

[Exchange.]

A Tonawanda, N. Y., firm is making a "merry-go-round," something after the principle of the "flying circus," with saddle-horses, carriages, animals, etc., on which about 250 people may sit comfortably. It is operated by a portable engine, and considerable speed can be attained.

Same Effect.

[Chicago Current.]

The fashionable young man of the eastern watering-place now wears a photograph of some young lady on his thumb-nail. An excellent effect of this same kind may be secured by inserting the thumb between a hay-rack and a lumber-wagon-box.

We all bear the misfortunes of other people with a heroic constancy.

Ole Bull in Washington.

[Ben: Perley Poore.]

Ole Bull, when in the pride of manhood, gave a concert at Washington which was largely and fashionably attended. In the midst of one of the most exquisite pieces, while every breath was suspended, and every ear attentive to catch the sound of that magical instrument, the silence was suddenly broken and the harmony harshly interrupted by the well-known voice of Felix Grundy McConnell, a representative from Alabama shouting: "None of your hifalutin, but give us 'Hail Columbia,' and bear hard on the treble!" "Turn him out!" was shouted from every part of the house, and the police force undertook to remove him from the hall. "Mac," as he was called, was not only one of the handsomest men in congress, but one of the most athletic, and it was a difficult task for policemen, although they used their clubs, to overpower him. As he was carried from the hall some of his congressional friends interfered and secured his release.

Cheap Platinum.

The common belief that platinum is more valuable than gold is an error. At [illegible] about [illegible] [illegible] as gold.

DR. YON TSZE HING

Talks in an Interesting Way About the Seat of War in China.

[Cor. Chicago News.]

Your correspondent has just returned from a tour of Chinatown in New York. All the Chinese groceries and club rooms were crowded with enthusiastic and jubilant Chinamen talking about the recent defeat of the French fleet going up the river Min, in the province of Foo Kien. Even the scores of gambling dens were for the moment deserted, and the Chinamen rushed out to hear the latest news. A large sheet of white paper posted on the wall near Tom Lee's restaurant served as a bulletin of the latest news from home. Some of the jubilant heathen in the midst of their joy offered to bet $1 to $10 against any man "that France will not be able to get even a sou for their indemnity." Two well-to-do Chinamen actually bought a whole case of Mumm's extra dry and treated the crowd.

"The Min river," said Dr. Yon Tsze Hing, the well known Chinese physician here, "is a beautiful stream. It is larger than the Housatonic but smaller than the Hudson. At its mouth it expands into a broad harbor, which, however, contains so many rocks and shoals as to make it difficult of entry at certain seasons. The river as you ascend it for the first ten miles flows between meadow lands of great fertility. The landscape grows wilder and comes to resemble the Highlands of the Hudson. Further up it expands and breaks into two branches that encircle Pagoda island. The river here is very beautiful, similar to that of Staten island from Bergen point. Higher up is the great arsenal, and three miles beyond is the port of Foo Chow, the city proper being three miles from the river. Nearly opposite the port, is a large lake or widening of the river, which opens northward, so that its end is almost west of the city. This lake is known as Lee Hu, or the inner gulf. It is always crowded with vessels. Foreign craft, English steamers, fishing junks from the harbor and neighboring ports, freight and passenger junks from up the river, rafts and pleasure boats make up a fleet larger than that in New York harbor. Besides, there is an institution peculiarly Chinese, viz., a floating town; rafts that have come down the river, boats no longer seaworthy, and junks whose owners can make more money by leasing them as residences than by using them for freight, and besides these handsome floating houses, whose occupants are retired shippers and sailors, are the main features of this fluviatile city. By day, with its blaze of color and its numberless little flower-gardens, it is very pretty. At night, however, the lights and lanterns swaying with the wind and wave make it a fairy land. The great bridge that runs from the port to the island in front is a wonder. We call it the 'bridge of a hundred arches,' or 'the bridge of a thousand years.' It was built ages before the Tartar conquest, and shows no wear even to-day. It is constructed of granite blocks laid upon stone piers, and supports not only the roadway, but also booths, stores, and dwellings."

"Where were the fortifications that repulsed the fleet, doctor?"

"No one can tell from the dispatches sent. When I was a young man there were occasional stone forts from the city to the harbor armed with old-style and rusty cannon. Most of them were so old and rotten that no one dared to fire them off, excepting it might be some mischievous boys. But about 1870 the government began to construct earthworks in the most modern style, and to arm them with the newest pattern of cannon. The first ordnance consisted of Armstrong and Whitworth cannon. We tried some American cannon—Dahlgren and Rodmans—but found them inferior to the English. When the forges of Essen began to supersede those, we bought the Krupp guns and probably now own nine or ten hundred of the best models. China is so large, and there are so many points to be protected, that I question if there is more than 10 per cent. of them in the neighborhood of Foo Chow. The fortifications began at the port, then their batteries on the points below the city and on the hills beyond, at the arsenal and at Pagoda island; but I don't know which batteries made the fight until I can get the home papers, which will arrive in a day or two by the next mail."

"What is meant by firing on the Pagoda?"

"It may mean either of two things—both barbarous and wicked. If they mean Pagoda island, it was shelling a fertile and densely populated district, as closely settled as Morrisania, and consequently great suffering and death. If they mean Pagoda as the term is commonly employed, it was the wanton destruction of some old and beautiful temples on both sides of the river; especially on the north are many ecclesiastical establishments. They are a species of sanctuaries dedicated to the gods. Most of them are very ancient and are as dear to the Chinese as the Madeline and Notre Dame are to the French. Several of these are porcelain and enameled terra-cotta. The metal work is gilt. Respected by the savage Tartars who conquered China, they are the first objects of destruction by the "civilized" French. I hope, however, for the sake of humanity, that the telegraph erred, and that what happened was only the shelling of the Pagoda island forts."

No False Teeth in the Hereafter.

["Editor's Drawer" in September Harper's.]

An eccentric minister of the Methodist Episcopal church in Ohio was once preaching in a very high pulpit. He was sailing along in his discourse, all eyes upon him, when suddenly he disappeared behind his barricade, causing the necks of the congregation to be stretched ed in pursuit of him. He soon came in sight again, and explained his absence by saying: "I just dropped my false teeth and was looking for them. Thank God, when we get to Heaven we will not need false teeth."

Schools and Workshops.

Over 100 schools in Paris are now provided with workshops. At present they turn out articles of wood from planing benches and lathes. It is proposed soon to add iron to the material to be operated on.

A Circus-Tent Celebration.

[Chicago Times.]

Boise is the capital of Idaho. There is no capitol building as yet, the legislature sitting in a hall hired for the purpose. The governor's executive office is in a brick dwelling only one story high. The new governor, Bunn, arrived on the day of a circus. The proprietor proposed to suspend the morning performance and hold the celebration in the tent. His offer was accepted, and the circus people joined in the procession. A platform was erected at one side of the ring, and on it sat eight ministers and a bishop. The tumblers, bare-back riders, and acrobats waited until the close of the celebration, when the tent was cleared, the people bought tickets, and the second show began.

A Straw Watch.

[Exchange.]

A young man who is serving a five years' term of imprisonment for theft in Karthus, Bohemia, has turned his enforced leisure to use, and manufactured a straw watch five centimetres in diameter by two in thickness. The works comprise a few bits of straw, some cotton, two needles and a pin, a small piece of paper forming the dial. It is said to go for six hours, and could be made to go twelve with a few improvements.

McKean County Miner

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A TOTAL FAILURE.

If imbecility was not shown in the management of the campaign on the part of the republican national committee, then we have no conception of the meaning of that word. In the first place Mr B F Jones was not a proper person to make its chairman. He is undoubtedly a first class business man and good citizen but the woods are full of just such men. As a political manager he is a failure. He had with him former B Chaffee, of Colorado and Steve Elkins, of New Mexico. The former has completely played out in Colorado and within the past year has been made to take a back seat by the republicans of that state. Elkins may have proven a success in managing politics in New Mexico but when spread over the entire United States he was too thin to make any impression. A series of blunders which we will not stop to enumerate have characterized the work of the committee since its inception.

In all the great northern states in which the republicans have rolled up splendid majorities the state and county committees have done the work and are entitled to the credit. They have had no assistance whatever from the national committee. We venture to say there is not a county in Pennsylvania which could not have turned out one or more men who would have elected Blaine if they had been called upon to run the campaign. Either of the following named gentlemen would have carried every northern state: Lewis Emery Jr of this county, M S Quay of Beaver county, C L Magee of Pittsburg, Wm R Leeds of Philadelphia, or Thos V Cooper of Delaware. They might have bankrupted the party in the operation but they would have got there. It is about time some of these national politicians came over into Pennsylvania and received a little rudimentary instruction in the art of running campaigns. The men we have mentioned would have had no Burchard hippodrome or Delmonico orgie or big dinners until after the votes were cast.

PROBABLY A FOOL.

The Rev Burchard is either a fool or a knave and we are inclined to believe the former. It is strongly intimated that he was paid a good round sum for insulting Mr Blaine and stabbing the republican party. If so it is the smartest trick ever played by the democratic managers in this country. It succeeded in knocking the republican party out in the very hour of its triumph. But the probabilities are that this clerical nincompoop conceived the idea that in grossly abusing a great religious denomination he would be currying favor with others. It is only another instance of the utter absurdity of mixing politics with religion.

Thousands upon thousands of adherents of the Catholic church, especially of the Irish nationality, voted the republican ticket this fall who never voted it before. They had their eyes opened to the fact that they had heretofore uniformly voted with the worst party of the country and they determined upon a different line of political action for the future. We have no doubt they have come to stay and we welcome them to the republican ranks. Other thousands of citizens of the country of free-trade proclivities who had heretofore voted the republican ticket this fall voted for Cleveland. We sincerely hope they have gone to stay. The republican party is very glad to make the exchange. On this subject Mr Blaine in a recent interview with a correspondent of the Boston *Journal* says:

"Considering the loss by the bolt of the independent republicans, and for a large loss from the action of the republican prohibitionists, the wonder to me rather is that the democrats did not carry New York state by a larger majority as they confidently expected they would. This result was prevented by greater accessions to the republican ranks of Irish and Irish American voters and workingmen of all classes who are drawn not because of my advocacy of a protective tariff they believe and believe wisely, that free trade would reduce their wages. A break has been made in the Irish democratic vote, one that I believe will widen and increase in the future as the full significance of the attitude of the democratic party on the tariff question becomes understood, and the Irish American citizen will in time get tired of voting in accordance with the wishes of the English free traders. I had thousands upon thousands of Irish votes and should have had many more but for the intolerant and utterly improper remark of Doctor Burchard, which was quoted everywhere to my prejudice and in many places attributed to myself though it was in the highest degree distasteful and offensive to me. But a lie, you know, travels very fast and there was not time before the election to overtake and correct that one, and so I suffered for it."

THE New York *Times* and the New York *World* keep right on lying just as though election were not over.—Rochester *Herald*.

Burchard's Three R's.

Burchard is a very old man and mumbled over his speech, and Blaine was obliged to listen attentively in order to catch its drift and shape his reply. As the old man approached the end of his address Blaine's mind was rapidly evolving a suitable reply, and when the phrase in question was muttered over in the last sentence Blaine heard it as "rum, *Mormonism*, rebellion" and accepted it as such. Blaine's mistake was very natural. The words are not only similar in sound when spoken in the noise and rustle of a crowd but Mormonism had been discussed very prominently by the republicans in the latter days of the campaign and was precisely the sort of thing which a number of clergymen would be most likely to bring out in a political address. Mr Blaine has no protest to make against rum, *Mormonism*, rebellion as constituting three legs of the democratic party and replied to the general tenor of Burchard's speech in the spirit in which he heard it.

This fact is related by a gentleman who was present at the clerical visit of Mr Blaine when the damaging words were uttered and the same gentleman says that Burchard's words were taken down in short hand by a clerk of Gorman (the chairman of the democratic national executive committee), and by him given to the newspapers. The short hand clerk returned to Gorman's room and read over his notes, and when he came to "rum Romanism and rebellion" he was stopped and asked to read that again and the question was asked "Are you sure Dr Burchard said that?" On being assured of it he gave directions to have it published by the associated press and other newspaper agencies. Word was sent throughout the country by the democratic committee to make the "rum Romanism and rebellion" blunder of Burchard the keynote of the remaining days of the campaign and to hold Blaine responsible for what the old fool said.

A circular was prepared in Chicago which credited Blaine with indorsing Burchard's words and was distributed by thousands at the doors of the Catholic churches on Sunday before election and scattered broadcast throughout this state. The same tactics were pursued in other cities and states and in New York the address was translated into different languages—German French Italian Polish—and circulated broadcast among Catholics with a sentence from Blaine's speech referring generally to the sentiments of the address, twisted from its connection and distorted into an indorsement of the thing at Romanism. It was a villainous piece of partisan work and it may have cost Mr Blaine his election and all because he mistook Romanism for Mormonism and on that account failed to protest against a phrase which he would have resented on the spot as a personal insult if he had heard it and understood its purport. He did resent it at the first opportunity after his attention had been called to it but there was not time for the antidote to overtake and render the bane innocuous.—Chicago *Tribune*.

Cleveland's City Disgraced

A fitting afterpiece to the game-cock and fish horn performance of the Cleveland Legion in the city on Thursday evening was witnessed in broad daylight on Main street yesterday. It was pronounced shameful by a decent democrat in the hearing of a representative of The *Express*, and this is what that decent democrat said he saw:

A large band wagon open at the sides, and within it a group of human creatures seated around a beer barrel howling and drinking. At the tail of the wagon dragging on the stones through the mud was an effigy of James G Blaine.

These jolly fellows of the baser sort were not recognized but it is easy to imagine how the group was made up. The wagon was undoubtedly democratic, the driver would probably style himself a Cleveland republican and the beer drinkers of course were prohibitionists of the St John's variety.

Now this vile exhibition took place in the city which Mr Cleveland calls his home—in a city whose voters had just declared their preference for his chivalrous opponent by a large majority, larger than that which Mr Cleveland has received in the whole state.

Buffalo is emphatically not a Cleveland city. It is not democratic, even counting with that party the so-called Cleveland republicans. It is republican and was for Blaine in spite of all combinations. Do not our precious friends, the enemy, think it is rather crowding the mourners to drag an effigy of the city's favorite candidate at the cart tail through our principal streets? Suppose some such idiotic performance should be attempted by drunken republicans, with an effigy of Grover Cleveland at the cart tail, how would his friends like it?—Buffalo *Express*.

A GENTLEMAN that met Gov Cleveland on the street recently for the first time, was reminded of a story that he had heard about President Pierce. When he was running for president a gentleman went up into New Hampshire to visit him on campaign business. Arriving at his place of business, Hillsborough, I believe, he met a native and enquired of him where Mr Pierce lived.

"Don't know him," said the native.

"Why, yes, you must, the man that is running for president—Franklin Pierce." "Oh! Frank Purse, you mean!" The gentleman proceeded to quiz the old farmer about him.

"Wall," said he, "if it was for a county office I reckon Frank would do fust rate and may be on a state office—that mer, say—he'd make a pretty decent sort of a figger, but when you come to try to cover the whole of these United States with Frank Purse, I tell you you've got to spread him out mighty thin."—Albany *Journal*.

THE democrats have a right to feel good. They have finally got a president and it is hardly worth while to discuss the means employed in accomplishing that result. After feeding on husks for a quarter of a century they begin to see good sound corn in the dim distance. It may turn into whiskey by the time they reach the granary but that won't taste bad to them after having been thirsty so long.

What Have They Gained?

At the prohibition jubilation banquet, held in Boston on Wednesday last, Mr George Kempton, chairman of the Massachusetts state prohibitory committee, in response to the question "whom did the prohibitionists defeat?" answered frankly and even boastingly "We defeated the Blaine republicans."

There is no question about the truth of this as New York's vote is cast for Cleveland. In that case it is the prohibitionists who have defeated the republicans and placed in power the democratic party. In the four Northern states which give meagre pluralities for Cleveland according to the present showing of the count St John's vote, which was drawn almost entirely from the ranks of the republicans, is larger in each state than the democratic plurality. Had the party prohibitionists not insisted on running a separate national ticket Blaine electors would have been chosen in every Northern state.

The prohibitionists do not profess to believe that they have anything to expect from the democratic party, though they did that party the greatest service and allowed their canvass to be directed by democratic committees and to be paid for out of the democratic campaign fund to which brewers and distillers were among the heaviest contributors. Prohibition speakers freely admit that the democrats are allied to the saloons, both by interest and inclination. Their hopes are based altogether on the expectation of republican support even while they are giving the republican party a deadly stab in the back. Their course during this campaign has been unreasonable, unjustifiable and treacherous. It would be more decent for them to hang their heads in shame over the result rather than to glorify and exult in their success in serving the democratic party.

For the triumph of democracy and with it the elevation of the allied liquor interest into a position of aggressive and for the present impregnable strength, for the obloquy which they have brought upon their name and on their cause, for the alienation of their natural allies in the republican party who feel that they have been wantonly betrayed and defeated by their friends, what have the prohibitionists to show? It is easy to see how they are worse off than before but we are unable to discover in what respect they are any better off. We want therefore to be enlightened as to what the prohibitionists have to felicitate themselves upon for the part they took in the defeat of Blaine and Logan.—*Press*.

TRIUMPHANT AT LAST.

CLEVELAND will be president having been COUNTED IN. We speak advisedly when we say *counted in* for he never was and never can be *elected* president of these United States. He was counted in by a solid south, in eight states of which an honest election has not been held for eighteen years. He was counted in within a radius of ten miles of City Hall N Y, the only territory in the great free north where frauds are committed with impunity at every election. He was in a minority of four hundred thousand in the old free states of the Union where schools, churches, intelligence and refinement mold public sentiment. Now let us hurrah for the causes which brought this humiliation upon the American people. First (with a yell)

HURRAH FOR OLD BURCHARD!

Second (in loud tones)

HURRAH FOR THE PROHIBITIONISTS!

Third (in a moderate voice)

HURRAH FOR THE KICKERS OF ONEIDA CO N Y.

Fourth and finally (in a whisper)

HURRAH FOR THE FREE TRADE MUGWUMPS!

We are all unanimous on one point that these parties have made their bed and that they will hereafter lie in it.

ST JOHN was helped a little in the cities of the seaboard by the high moral independents who persisted in screaming against Mr Blaine's personal character until it was discovered that Mr Cleveland was not immaculate and then went on screaming in the void. He was much more assisted by the clergyman Burchard who would seem to be a fool ninety nine carats fine and whose smart alliteration as to rum romanism and rebellion cost the republicans more votes in a day than the weeping independents had won by six months moaning and gnashing of teeth. The real strength of the independent movement lay in its free-trade members, who had a good reason to be dissatisfied with Mr Blaine's extreme protectionism which they regarded as a far more important element in the controversy than his alleged moral deficiencies.—N Y *Commercial Advertiser*.

THE REBEL YELL.

A despatch from Greenville Tenn of Nov 17 says: "The democratic jollification here was marked by features rather startling to northern republicans though not new to persons living in this region and acquainted with the inmost feelings of the dominant party. The meeting was preceded several days by a poster in large type, summoning all democrats to come to the place of jollification, proclaiming that democracy has survived overthrow and that conquered but not crushed, asking no mercy, offering no compromise, always ready to renew the conflict on the same terms and with the same weapons, it can never perish. At the meeting there were cheers for Jeff Davis, cries of Down with nigger government, and the like."

THE rejoicing of the British press over the election of Cleveland is just what might have been expected. Free trade England ought to rejoice over a free trade victory in America. But the U S Senate is still republican, thank God.

LOCKWOOD of Buffalo, who nominated Cleveland at Chicago, says that Cleveland was beaten several times in the campaign, and that only "his bull luck pulled him through at the last moment."

GEESE have had a prominent place in the campaign. Roosters are now taking a front rank.—Troy *Times*.

THE CANDIDATES COMPARED.

Mr Ramsdell, the Washington correspondent to the Philadelphia *Press* in his letter of the 15th, to that paper gives the following pen picture of the two men who have for the past five months been so prominently before the people of this nation. Is it not a true delineation of the two characters?

As between Blaine and Cleveland how can there be any comparison? Reader, turn to Shakespeare and read *Hamlet's* description of his father and his uncle. It fits. Where in all history can be found a similar case? Blaine a man who is foremost as a writer, speaker, thinker of his countrymen, who has filled all the positions of editor, legislator, congressman, speaker, senator, secretary of state and author as they were scarcely ever filled before, and Grover Cleveland who can not speak, write or think, who has almost jumped from sheriff to president. If the American people like the picture let them behold it. Mr Cleveland I believe is about 48 years old. He always lived within a day's journey of Washington, and yet he has never seen congress in session, has never seen a president, he has never seen one of the great departments, and although a lawyer (an alleged lawyer) he has never been in the supreme court room. Not one of the three co-ordinate branches of the government has he ever seen in operation. But he has been a sheriff and of course he goes to church. Now (if most of the papers are to be believed) he is coming here to be president without knowing what the government means, or able to understand the meaning of the great questions that will come before him. Well, let him come. Give him a fair and even a generous show if he is found to be elected according to the present law, outrageous as it is. The country is of more consequence than individuals or parties. But the whole thing is a bitter and dangerous experiment. Blaine has been tried in great and perilous positions. He has shown himself the greatest in all of them. Cleveland is like changing a cook. You can't tell what he is until he has been tried.

CHICKENS GETTING HOME.

Mr Blaine was serenaded at his home in Augusta on the 18th inst. when he made one of his grand speeches in which he promulgated certain political axioms, embracing the following:

"The first instinct of an American is equality, equality of right, equality of privilege, equality of political power, that equality which says to every citizen Your vote is just as potential as the vote of any other citizen. That cannot be said to-day in the United States. The course of affairs in the south has crushed out the political power of more than 6,000,000 American citizens and has transferred it by violence to others. Forty two presidential electors are assigned to the south on account of the colored population and yet the colored population with more than 1,000,000 legal votes have been unable to choose a single elector. Even in those states where they have the majority of more than a hundred thousand they are deprived of free suffrage and their rights as citizens are scornfully trodden under foot. The eleven states that composed the rebel confederacy had by the census of 1880 seven and half millions white population and 5,000,000 colored population. The colored population almost to a man desire to support the republican party but by the system of cruel intimidation and by violence and murder whenever violence and murder are thought necessary they are absolutely deprived of all political power. If the outrage stopped there it would be bad enough but it does not stop there for not only is the negro population disfranchised but the power which rightfully and constitutionally belongs to them is transferred to the white population enabling the white population of the south to exert an electoral influence far beyond that exerted by the same number of white people in the north."

Something like fifteen years ago a young man from Maine was speaker of the house of representatives at Washington. He was a superior parliamentarian and a debater of wonderful power. Some of the grandest men this country ever produced were members of the two houses of congress at the date referred to. Many of the oldest and wisest of these men considered it of the highest importance that the people in the southern states who had been enfranchised should be protected in all their rights as citizens by appropriate legislation. A bill was framed having that object in view. It was pending in the house of representatives when the young speaker left the chair and upon the floor of the house made a bitter onslaught against it and accomplished its defeat. He was cheered to the echo by the ex rebels but the blood of the men who had fought the battles of their country boiled with indignation at the thought that James G Blaine should be engaged in such work. If that bill had become a law the speech from which the foregoing extract was clipped would never have been made. Truly chickens will come home to roost.

THE losses the republican party has suffered through the withdrawal of the independents have been made up by the accession of Irishmen and working men who went over from the democracy in large numbers on account of their belief in the protection of home industry and their antagonism to Mr Cleveland. There never before was a party which gained at once such a body of earnest and valuable material from the very bone and sinew of the country, the men who live by their own labor and who believe in American ideas with an intensity that never gives down and an ardor that never slackens. Thus, while there is no sense in the idea that either of these two parties is going to be broken up at present, the republicans are politically in much the better condition of the two. They are compact and united. There is no difference of opinion or of purpose among them. The discordant elements have gone out, and the army which remains is peerless for steadiness and discipline. The defeat of last week tends to promote and enliven their courage rather than destroy it. Considered merely as a political organization, the republican party is in good fighting order. But, while this is true of the defeated, it is not true of the victorious party. There is no such unity among the democrats. On the question of protection and free trade wide divisions prevail among them.—New York *Sun*.

IN one of his letters to the late James T Fields, Charles Reade says: "We can fathom a wise man but fools are inscrutable." The force of this aphorism will be better understood if one has the recent political action of Rev Dr Burchard and Rev Henry Ward Beecher in mind.—Rochester *Herald*.

IT turns out that old Burchard and his three sons are all democrats. The sons are boasting of the trick the old man played on the republicans. Well, we thought we were not mistaken in the symptoms now we know we were not.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

Now that the dust of the presidential contest has settled, official work has been resumed in Washington. Every member of the cabinet, and every important head of bureau is at present in the city. They are busy getting up their reports to be submitted to congress.

There is much depression over the result of the election, but there is also confident belief that the republican party will prove true to its grand past, that it will increase in strength with the coming years, and that in 1888 it will again be called to power.

President Arthur intends to devote his time between now and the re-assembling of congress partly to cleaning up his appointment docket. He has just made an important pension office appointment, that of Mr Clarke to be commissioner. His next move will be to select and appoint a commissioner of labor statistics.

There are now fifty letters of application for this place, many of them well endorsed. The president is so anxious in making selections for offices that it will be unsafe for me to venture a prediction as to who will be appointed.

There is any amount of talk here as to what Cleveland will do in regard to the civil service law and the drift of opinion is that although his intentions may be to enforce the rules, he will not be strong enough to blockade the path of the hungry horde of office grabbers which is already howling around Washington. Experience reminds one that whenever and wherever the democrats have gained political ascendancy they have made a clean sweep of republicans and have filled their places with democrats. There is no reason to believe that democrats of to-day will be different from democrats of last year. Yes the rush for spoils may be said to have begun. Citizens who voted to restore the brigadiers to power are dropping in and writing to say what offices they want and to find out how to get them. The post office department has been called upon to furnish lists giving dates when the terms of postmasters expire in the various states. Those who are here in person have possessed themselves of blue books and are studying them diligently. They propose to pick out their positions and pre-empt the ground or as they say out west stake their claims.

The letter writers do not know exactly where to take hold in their search for information. One of the hungering ones wrote to the postmaster general to know if offices under Cleveland were received and put on file in that department. If so he concluded "place mine on file."

In anticipation of the meeting of congress the representatives of the three great Isthmian inter-oceanic transit projects are here. The Panama people will simply be asked to be let alone. The Nicaraguan people will ask for substantial recognition and the people of Tehuantepec will make known through Mr Eads the father of their scheme that they will take anything they can get.

On Saturday General Swaim was placed on trial before the most distinguished military tribunal that has assembled in this country since the close of the war. One major general, six brigadier generals of the regular army and three colonels composed it. Never before in the history of this country has a man holding the rank of brigadier general been on trial in time of peace.

A question attracting the attention of society just now regards the future mistress of the white house because Mr Cleveland is a bachelor. The democracy went out of power with a bachelor president and after a lapse of a quarter of a century it seems likely to come back with one of the same kind. But the American people are not very exacting as to who shall be at the head of their presidential household. They elect the man and let the balance take care of itself. There are no intricate formalities to be undertaken by the lady of the white house however. The less formality observed the better the people like it of course. They like to be made to feel at home there just as they were made to feel by Mrs Hayes who met the requirements of the place to perfection.

It is thought Mrs Hoyt a sister of Mr Cleveland will live with him here. She has never been a society woman but it is claimed she has common sense. The social brilliancy of the executive mansion may be expected to depart with the present administration and it will not return under democratic rule.

R

Washington D C Nov 18th '84

IT is told on the authority of Mr John F Plummer late republican candidate for controller that Mr Blaine was so engaged in collecting his thoughts for a response to Dr Burchard's speech that he was oblivious of the closing remark of the reverend gentleman and for that reason only did not respond promptly to the reflection on the Catholics. Said Colonel John R Fellows: "Mr Blaine lost on that occasion the opportunity to have carried New York county. If he had stopped Mr Burchard there and then in an emphatic repudiation of his sentiments, he would have won the approval of nine-tenths of those present and the enthusiastic support of Catholics everywhere." A bigot has probably made Cleveland president now all Christians should take to praying for both.—*Tribune*.

FROM March 1861 to March, 1885 is a long period. We do not wonder the democrats feel good in the hope that they are out of the political wilderness. They have earned the right to rejoice by probation, if not by good works. We think we know how they feel, because we have felt that way ourselves a good many times. And we readily concede that on the theory that good things should be passed around, it is fairly time for their turn. If any one thinks we ought to concede any more, he may address us by postal card.—Utica *Herald*.

THERE was considerable bluster made by the Philadelphia *Times* before election, as to the terrible defeat which was in store for Mr Calvin Wells as an elector on the republican ticket. That cyclone didn't reach Pittsburg, Mr Wells still survives.

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is a family newspaper of the first-class and is recognized as one of the great educators of the land. Every one who wishes to be well informed upon a great variety of subjects should subscribe for it.
During the past year THE INDEPENDENT desiring that its subscribers shall have stories by the very best living authors has published contributions from W. E. Norris, author of Mat[illegible], "No New Thing," etc.; J. S. of Dale, author of "Guerndale," "The Crime of Henry Vane," etc.; Julia Schayer, author of "Tiger Lily and Other Stories"; Sir Samuel W. Baker, the celebrated Egyptian Explorer; Mrs. J. H. Riddell, author of "The Senior Partner"; Thomas Hardy, author of "A Pair of Blue Eyes," "Two on a Tower," etc.; Edward Everett Hale, author of "Ten Times One is Ten," etc.; James Payne, the celebrated English Novelist; [illegible] F. W. Robinson, Fred D. Storey, Henry W. Lucy, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Rebecca Harding Davis, Sarah Orne Jewett, Frank R. Stockton, H. H. Boyesen, Ivan Tourgeneff and others.

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Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
[illegible] from one of our best-[illegible] should be of
[illegible] "Eight years ago I [illegible]
[illegible] River St., Buckland, Mass., May 13, 1882.
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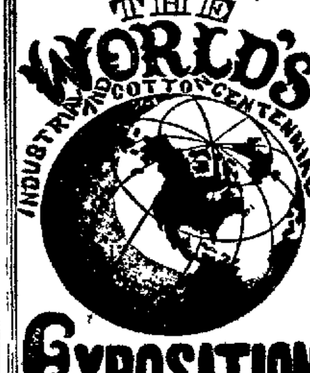

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Pennsylvania, 81000

Indian summer has gone

Pay up your election bets

Leap year is rapidly departing

The stakeholder can pay over those bets

Deer are said to be plentiful in Potter county

The electoral college meets December [illegible] 1884

Don't talk too loud, the republican party still lives

Cameron county school marms in [illegible] this week

Polish up your snow shovels, they will soon be needed

The shortening days give more time for evening reading

This has been a fine fall for farmers to push out door work

Next Thursday will be a sad day for the "turkey gobbler."

All the hunters are praying for now a good tracking snow

This is the last time it will be said "from your grape vines."

Turkeys begin to roost higher as Thanksgiving draws nigh

A [illegible] white elephant died of lung fever last Friday

Dr. Henry Slade the great spiritualist will lecture at Bradford next Sunday

The Smethport cornet band will furnish music at the rink to-morrow night

The [illegible] over this quiet burg last Wednesday evening

[illegible] of the Bradford oil company was in town this week attending it

After an existence of ten months the Chartiers Weekly Record expires. [illegible]

The St. [illegible] hotel which was burned a few months ago at [illegible], is being rebuilt

G. L. Roberts esq. of Bradford called at the Miner office Friday. Sorry we were out

If St John don't think himself the biggest fool on earth, it is because there are still [illegible]

The Port Allegany Tent of the Knights of the Maccabees held their first annual ball last evening

Sam [illegible] found his horse in the woods on the south branch of Cole Creek. How it got there still remains a mystery

The case of James E Blair against the Bradford Oil Company has occupied the most of the time of the court this week. The case went to the jury this morning

Civil court again next week, argument court commencing December 2d, and then comes two weeks of criminal court. Verily, a picnic for the legal fraternity

The most of the cases brought against the B. B. & K. R. R. Company for damages, by the parties through whose land the road runs in the lower end of the borough, have been settled

Hon I. S. Brown of Erie county, is the principal candidate for the speakership of the House of Representatives. He has but little opposition so far and will in all probability be chosen

The opening of the New Orleans exposition has to be postponed because the [illegible] day as the [illegible] fixed by law for the opening of congress. President Arthur would hardly be equal to the task of opening two such shows on one and the same day

H. C. Parsons, the former manager of the new rink, has resigned the opera house rink and will run it at a reduced price of admission. Parsons is a good manager and is well liked but the skating fever is not running very high in this place just at present

Among the many attorneys from abroad in attendance on court this week were noticed Hon R Brown, H F Brown of Warren, Hon M F Elliott and [illegible] of Wellsboro, D C [illegible] and W. E. Lewis, of Coudersport.

This place ought to be able to support a public reading room. It would more than repay the parents any trouble or expense they might be put to in order to start one, to have a place where their sons could spend their evenings, instead of loafing around the saloons and groceries.

One of the few humorous features of the recent congressional campaign is the fact that an old gentleman cast his ballot for Wm. L. Scott because he was assured that Mr. Scott is a poor but deserving citizen of Erie who makes a precarious living by keeping a little coal shed and delivering coal in a wheelbarrow.—*Despatch*

During the democratic parade last Wednesday evening a slightly inebriated individual rode up in front of the Wright house dressed in gorgeous apparel and ready to take part in the festivities of the evening and after looking up and down Main and Mechanic streets, he said, "where is h—l's parade, any how?" He had evidently been left

We believe that there is an ordinance in force, and if there is not there ought to be one, prohibiting the hitching of teams on the cross walks. It is getting to be a nuisance for pedestrians to have to go out in the mud in order to get around some kind of vehicle every time they want to cross the street.

—The Smethport correspondent of the Port Allegany *Reporter* intimates that the post office in this place will be transferred under the incoming administration to the drug store of Hon. A. B. Armstrong. No more a[illegible] place could be selected and no appointment could be made from our citizens of the democratic persuasion which would meet with more universal approval from citizens of all classes, than that of Mr Armstrong

It seems almost impossible to publish a perfect table of election returns. We felt certain that we had succeeded last week until our attention was called to the fact that our table gave Cleveland only two votes in the second district of Duke Centre. He should have had 24 and the proof from which the final correction was made gave him that number. The probabilities are that the figure 4 dropped out in putting the form on the press

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Judge W. D. Brown, of Warren, is holding court here this week.

Dr. Sprague has already secured his ticket for the Salt River excursion. He takes the dose without a whimper.

We had a very pleasant call from Enos Parsons, Esq., of Bradford on Tuesday last. He entirely approved of the improvements going on in the MINER office.

Col J. J. Carter, of Titusville, looking after the interest of the B. S. & K. R. R. Co., of which he is President, is in court this week. He is an ardent republican and fully comprehends the imbecility with which the late campaign in New York was conducted.

The Democratic Parade.

The grand blow out of the Smethport democracy which took place last Wednesday night, was a great improvement on their former attempt. So far as the fire works were concerned it was a success and the parade itself did very well for the number of men in line. The most of the houses and business places occupied by democrats and some of the republicans, were very handsomely decorated with Chinese lanterns, candles, flags etc.

The procession started about 8 o'clock and was headed by a few on horseback, while the crowd found it very rough walking over the hubs. But they started off well supplied with Roman candles, a few torches, fish horns and lanterns. Their line of march was a long one taking them over to Mechanicsburg and down to East Smethport. The republican cannon did some good roaring for them while the Smethport band played their liveliest airs. They tried to do the best they knew how and any shortcomings will have to be excused as they have been out of practice for many years.

Give the Names.

EDITOR MINER:—Neighbor Hughes of the *Reporter* seems anxious to know of some democrats of this place who declared for Blaine and Logan. To save the interesting Hughes further worriment on this subject, I append the following names as a part of the democratic contingent who declared for the republican national ticket: W. Barrett, K. Han[illegible], P. Moran, George Backus.

Now I would ask our friend of the *Reporter* in exchange for these names, the names of a few republicans who voted for Hartwell for sheriff. *A pretty good bid for county printing* Hughes, in your issue of Nov 7th but Tony Bannon cannot be caught with that kind of chaff. I.

Port Allegany Pa Nov 18th 1884

Dancing Club.

Last Tuesday a few of our young men met and organized a dancing club for the winter months. It is proposed to hold a series of six dances the first of which will take place some time during the second week in December. It will start out under the name of the "Arbutus Club," and if the first frost don't kill it, it will probably grow and flourish the entire winter. The following officers were elected and committees appointed: President F. C. [illegible], treasurer, J. N. Apple, secretary, W. P. Walsh; committee on arrangements, J. C. [illegible], W. P. Walsh and J. N. Apple; committee on invitations, W. F. Specht and F. S. Richmond; reception committee, F. W. Boswell, J. F. Brawley and J. F. McClure. The Randolph band has been engaged to furnish music for the entire series and their name alone is enough to insure a full attendance.

Terrible Accident.

A most distressing accident occurred at Larrabee last Tuesday afternoon which resulted in the death of George Hill. Young Hill was on the engine and in stepping off his foot slipped, and the large drive wheels of the engine caught him, and passed over both legs crushing them to a pulp. Dr. Freeman who was at Larrabee at the time of the accident, took charge of the case and immediately sent for Dr. Wells for the necessary instruments. As soon as Dr. Wells arrived they proceeded to amputate both legs [illegible]. The shock was so great and about 12 o'clock Mr. Hill passed away. He was about 17 years of age, and was employed as a brakeman on the road

Baptist Church

Next Sunday will be observed as "Children's Bible Day." At the usual hour of morning service the pastor will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion on "The Bible," which will be followed by the exercises of the Sunday school. At 7 o'clock in the evening the Bible Concert will be held consisting of singing, recitations, addresses, etc. All are invited to attend.

In the afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be preaching at Farmers Valley.

Union Thanksgiving services Nov 27 at 10.30 a. m. Rev. Wm Bradley, preacher

St. Luke's Church

Services on Thanksgiving day, Nov 27, at 10.30 a. m. The music will be rendered by quartette and chorus choirs, supported by orchestral accompaniment and organ, and will consist of old and well known hymns which the whole congregation can sing.

Services on Sunday at 8 and 10.30 a. m., and at 7 p. m.

Thanksgiving Services.

The Baptist and Methodist congregations will unite in holding Thanksgiving services at the Baptist church, Thursday, Nov 27 at 10.30 a. m. The annual sermon will be preached by Rev. Wm. Bradley, pastor of the M. E. church. Subject:—"The Signs of the Times." A cordial invitation is extended to all.

—There is no doubt about F. B. Dean keeping good livery stock and giving entire satisfaction to his customers. Try him

—Fred Olds undoubtedly tells very much truth in his short advertisement, which will be found elsewhere. Read and profit by it.

—Capt. Jones says that he has just commenced on the Blair ejectment case against the Bradford oil company. He evidently enjoys litigation

—John Dagel has just laid a very fine stone walk front of the premises of D. C. Young, Esq. The stone came from his celebrated silver mountain quarry

—We must again apologize for our paper being a day late in reaching its readers. But we think all concerned will overlook it when we announce the fact that we have been dependent on the motions of a plumber

—If the facts do not warrant the statements made in the letter of our Port Allegany correspondent last week it is the last communication from him which will ever appear in these columns. We will not be imposed upon but once from the same source

The latest styles of hats and all kinds of gent's furnishing goods at D. C. Young's store, Main Street

CALL and examine the large stock of goods just received from New York at D. C. Young's, Main street.

LARGE new stock of fall goods consisting of clothing, boots and gents furnishing goods etc. at D. C. Young's.

Just received at the D. [illegible] the finest stock of confectionery ever brought into Smethport.

BRADFORD BUDGET.

The hat stores are doing a good business since election.

The pest house which was built some time ago by the city, is now a pest house in dead earnest. It is occupied by a swarm of Italians who make it a home.

John C. McCrea, our worthy chief-of-police, G. L. Roberts, C. L. Wheeler, John Brown, C. R. Whitehead, H. S. Tucker, James Robinson and Frank Fertig are among those talked of for the next Mayor

The hunters are getting rather anxious for a tracking snow. The deer season is getting pretty well advanced and as yet very few of them have been brought in, but a little snow will make a great slaughter among them. Venison is reported as very high priced this year

There threatens to be a serious rupture in the Methodist church owing to the part the Rev. Huntingdon took in the recent campaign. He stumped the county for the prohibition party and there are several members who are staunch republicans who intend leaving the church entirely

There will be a large delegation from Bradford next March to attend the inauguration. The Cleveland and Hendricks club propose going in a body. Company C, our military organization, will also go, at the expense of the government

The Chestnut street rink is doing a good business. The rink craze don't seem to subside here in the least, but on the contrary is increasing. There is a good deal of complaint about the niggardly way the rink is run by its owner. He should either sell out or quit the business and let some one in who can run a rink

Highland Park under whose roof so many summer night dances were held last year but which lately has been very little used except as a resort for tramps and bootblacks, is no more. Sunday morning it had a little picnic all by itself and went up in smoke. The firemen were unable to reach it with a stream and had to let it burn to the ground. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Robberies are getting quite frequent of late as the cold weather approaches most too numerous for comfort in fact. A safe was blown open in Limestone Saturday night and about $800 secured by the thieves. A farmer named Bugbee was held up in Tarport in a dark spot a few evenings ago and robbed of a $200 watch and considerable money. Another man was knocked down and robbed in the same locality of $57 the money had been put up as stake money on election, in his hands.

Now that Tony Bannon has been elected sheriff by a pretty unanimous vote of the people I suppose he is looking around for some good timber for deputies. There is a general sentiment here that the present deputy R. A. Whiteley should be allowed to retain his office. He has given the best of satisfaction under Sheriff Wilcox and has made friends with every one who has had any dealing with him. He pays close attention to business and would save Bannon and the people many dollars as he is thoroughly familiar with all the workings of the office

Frank Wentworth who was wanted in Wyoming county, N. Y., for cracking a safe, was captured very neatly by the police the other evening. He was one of a gang of three who made Bradford their headquarters and at times sallied forth into the country cracking safes. In their last haul they got $47,000 in bonds and considerable money. They were traced back to Bradford and two of them arrested and taken back to York State. Wentworth however, laid low until last Saturday night, when the police got wind of his being in the city. They concluded the best place to find him would be on the Island and in company with three constables proceeded to that place about midnight. Two of them were set to work going through all the houses and the rest stood guard at different points. The fellow proved to be in one of them and made a break through a window to get away. He ran down to the other end of the peninsula thinking to get away easy enough but instead ran plump into the arms of Policeman McCleery. In the struggle to get away he received quite a clubbing. He was taken to York State.

JUPITER.

Bradford, Pa., Nov 20th, 1884

Order of Court.

And now Nov 18 1884. It is ordered that a venire issue for the summoning of a jury of thirty six jurors for a court of common pleas of McKean county to be held at Smethport, Pa., on the 3d Monday of January 1885 January 19th, at 2 o'clock p. m. Trial list to be made from oldest causes put on Watch Book. Twenty five causes to be put on trial list.

Also, for a venire to issue for the summoning of a jury of thirty six jurors for a court of common pleas of McKean county to be held in Smethport, Pa., on the 2d Monday of February, the 9 inst., 1885, at 2 o'clock, p. m. Trial list to be made from oldest causes remaining on Watch Book, to close December 15th, 1884

Also for a venire to issue for the summoning of a jury of thirty six jurors for a court of common pleas of McKean county, to be held at Smethport, Pa., on the 2d Monday of March, the 16th inst. 1885 at 2 o'clock p. m. Trial list to be made from oldest causes put on Watch Book, twenty five causes to be put on trial list

Also, a venire to issue for the summoning of a jury of thirty six jurors for a court of common pleas of McKean county, to be held at Smethport, Pa., on the 2d Monday of April, the 13th inst., 1885, at 2 o'clock, p. m. Trial list to be made from oldest causes remaining on the Watch Book. Twenty five causes to be put on the trial list. Watch Book to close February 7th, 1885.

Also a venire to issue for the summoning of a jury of thirty-six jurors for a court of common pleas of McKean Co. to be held at Smethport, Pa., on the 2d Monday of May, the 15th inst, 1885, at 2 o'clock p. m., trial list to be made from oldest causes put on Watch book. Twenty five causes to be put on trial list.

Also a venire to issue for the summoning of a jury of thirty six jurors for a court of common pleas of McKean county to be held at Smethport, Pa., on the 4th Monday of June, the 22d inst, 1885, at 2 p. m., trial list to be made of oldest causes remaining on the Watch book. Twenty five causes to be put on trial list. List on Watch book to close April 11th, 1885.

SEND money by American Express Co. money orders. Receipts given. Money refunded if orders are lost. Sold at all offices of the company. Payable at 6 500 places. Rates To $5 5c., $10 8c., $20 10c. $30 12c., $40 15c., $50 20c.

M. L. ARMSTRONG
20-6m Agent for Company

FLOUR $1 30, $1.60 and $1.70 per sack at the Bakery

CREAM of the Valley flour only $1.50 per sack at D. C. Young's store, Main street.

A FIRST CLASS Flour $1 40, at the Bakery.

Both Standard and Extra Select Oysters at the Bakery

New goods just received at D. C. Young's store.

Harper's Magazine.

The exceptional success of the Christmas number of *Harper's Magazine* last year has led the editor and publishers to attempt this year to disappoint the public agreeably by giving them a still finer number. Announcement is made that the coming December issue will contain no less than six separately printed plates, besides several other full-page illustrations, the frontispiece being a reproduction, in the highest art of the wood engraver, of the charming picture of "The Boy Jesus in the Temple," by Professor Hoffmann, of Dresden, one of the chief contributors of modern painting to religious art. The engraving is the work of W. B. Closson, from whose graver comes also in the same issue a reproduction of the "Flora" of Titian. The literary and artistic contents otherwise furnish an extraordinary and delightful variety of sketch, story, poetry, art and music, while in the *Easy Chair* Mr Curtis writes of "John Bull and Brother Jonathan at the Christmas Fireside," and in the *Drawer* Mr Warner has a pleasant prefactory word as to "The Universal Christmas Feast."

Medical Society Meeting

The McKean Medical Society will hold its next meeting at the Wright House in this place on Tuesday, December. 2nd, 1884.

S. D FREEMAN Prest.
46 4t. JAMES NICHOLS Secy.

DEAN'S LIVERY!

At the new Livery of F. B. Dean on School street can be found as

FINE TURNOUTS

as at any establishment of the kind in McKean County

LADIES SADDLE AND DRIVING HORSES

a specialty. Safe teams for those who can always be had at reasonable prices.

HORSES BOUGHT & SOLD.

Good Stable for Transient and Boarding Horses

OPEN ALL HOURS

Call before hiring elsewhere

F. D. DEAN.

Smethport Nov 20 1884 tf

F. C. OLDS,

At his store in

FARMERS' VALLEY, PA.

is prepared to supply his customers with

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Crockery and all other goods required for family use or to keep in all lively together at figures that will astonish

The Natives!

He keeps on hand always the choicest brands of Flour, Feed, &c. and his Buckwheat can't be beat. [illegible] save money by taking a short ride of four miles over a level road and buy their goods for less money than they can buy at home.

Farmers Valley Nov 20, 1884. 44-1y

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday February 4 he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan' 1, 1884-tf

J. C. HAMLIN.

—DEALER IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

☞ Customers say that J. C Hamlin sells goods as low if not lower than they can get them in any other store in the county

SMETHPORT cor Church and Main

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

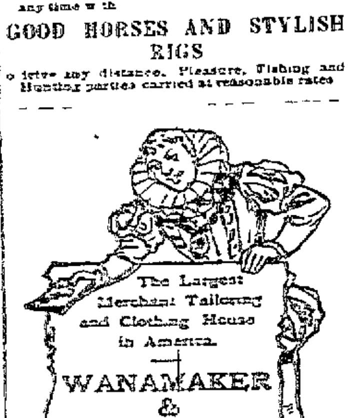
At The Bennett House Barn.

G R & C H MOORE Proprietors

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates



The Largest Merchant Tailoring and Clothing House in America.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, Philadelphia.

A full line of card samples of the great prices goods stock will be found with

L. ARMSTRONG,
SALES AGENT,
Smethport Pa.

CALL ON

C. L. DOUGLASS

For Your

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Boots & Shoes, Etc.

He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of

SMETHPORT GRIST MILL.

Feed and Meal

of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.

Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

EXECUTORS OF

THOS. R. FRISBEE

Estate, General Dealers in

DRY - GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles

CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

WAGON.

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r,

HORSESHOEING !

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet !

All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

SMETHPORT

BAKERY AND GROCERY

☞ A fine variety of Baking constantly on hand

☞ Always a fine variety of Confectionery.

☞ As fine a variety of Teas and Coffees as can be found in the city, and as cheap as the cheapest

☞ Butter, Eggs and Cheese constantly on hand, and goods sold cheap for cash

☞ I am constantly adding groceries to my stock, which I sell as cheap as can be had in the city.

☞ Give me a call and be convinced

☞ Goods delivered free to any part of the city

GEO. E. WOOD, Agt.

Mechanic street below Wright House 33-1y

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF TWO WRITS OF VENDI[illegible] Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county and to me directed I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport Pa on MONDAY DECEMBER 8th 1884 at 2 o'clock p m.

All the defendants interest in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land in Warrants No 3301 and 3418 Bradford township McKean county Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post in the easterly line of lands of the Buffalo Bradford and Pittsburg Railway and in the north line of land of James W. Hilton thence south 87 degrees east along said north line 335.6 feet to a post thence south 3 degrees west 683 feet to a pine tree thence north 35 degrees west 115 feet to a post in the easterly line of the said railway lands thence northerly bounding on said easterly line to the place of beginning containing two and 33-100 acres more or less according to survey of L. Gorton of September 6 1878 being the same premises conveyed by James W. Hilton and wife to Frank R. Braun by deed dated January 7, 1880 and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of McKean county in Deed Book Vol. 7 pages 400 &c. Together with the appurtenances one large frame building of dimensions about 84 feet in width and about 300 feet in length known as the Bradford Glass Works building situate thereon and belonging to the same. Also all of the property and franchises of said Bradford Glass Works

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of The Bradford Glass Works at the suit of Mrs. L. Williams and Thomas [illegible] & Co. Limited

A. I. WILCOX Sheriff

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa Nov 20 1884

Stone & Weil and Jerrett Pl'ffs Att'ys

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County and to me directed I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport Pa on MONDAY DECEMBER 8th 1884 at 2 o'clock p m.

All the defendants interest in and to all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in the city of Bradford, McKean county, state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by Newell avenue, on the south and east by [illegible] and lands of N. Y. L. E. & W. R. R. Co. and on the west by lands formerly of Bradley being about 130 feet north and south and 150 feet more or less east and west on Newell avenue. Together with the upper tenements on large 2 story frame dwelling & house, one 2 story frame hotel building, outhouses &c thereupon situate and belonging to the same.

ALSO: That certain parcel of land situate in city of Bradford, McKean county, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by Main street 10 feet more or less, on the south by Newell avenue 10 feet more or less, on the east by lands formerly of Bradley 200 feet more or less, and on the west by land now or formerly of the said Newell 200 feet more or less, being all or part of old village lot No [illegible]. Together with the appurtenances, four 2 story wooden buildings with back buildings, outhouses &c used as stores, dwellings & thereupon situate and belonging to same and known as premises Nos 102, 104, 106 and 108 Main street

ALSO: all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in city of Bradford, McKean county, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows viz: On the north by Newell avenue 150 feet more or less, on the south by [illegible] street 150 feet more or less, on the east by lands formerly of Bradley 150 feet more or less, on the west by Webster street 150 feet more or less, being all or part of old village lots Nos 35 and 36. Together with the appurtenances one large 3 story frame building and outhouses known as the Frew Block, one 2 story frame building used as Citizens Hose House, one 2 story frame building with sheds, outhouse &c used as dwelling thereupon situate and belonging to the same.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of A. T. Newell at the suit of Huff Bros. & Co.

A. I. WILCOX Sheriff

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa Nov 20 1884.

M. H. Byles, Pl'ffs Att'y

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF VENDITIONI Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, Pa., on MONDAY, DECEMBER 8th 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m.

All the defendants interest in and to all that certain lot of land in the borough of Eldred, McKean county, Pennsylvania, containing about forty four (44) square rods, bounded and described as follows viz:—On the south side of Mechanic street beginning in the centre of said Mechanic street at a point three and one half rods east of the northeast corner of Ira [illegible], thence southerly to the northeast corner of the school house lot and onward by the school house east line 14½ rods to north line of lands of S. H. Smith, thence easterly by said Smith's north line three rods to corner, thence northerly parallel with first described course 14½ rods to centre of Mechanic street, thence westerly by centre of said street three rods to place of beginning, being lot No. 3 on A. T. Barden's plan and having thereon 1 frame one-and-one half story frame house, about twelve fruit trees and one out house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of William Gannon at the suit of C. H. Brown and E. E. Brown use of F. G. Gilpetrick now use of C. D. Doane.

A. I. WILCOX Sheriff

Sheriff's office Smethport Pa., Nov. 20, 1884.

Morrison & Apple, Pl'ffs Att'ys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport, Pa., on MONDAY, DECEMBER 8th 1884 at 2 o'clock p. m.

All the defendants interest in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land in Warrants Nos. 3301 and 3418 Bradford township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:—Beginning at a post in the easterly line of lands of the Buffalo, Bradford & Pittsburg railway and in the north line of the land of James W. Hilton, thence south 87 degrees east along said north line 335.6 feet to a post, thence south 3 degrees west 683 feet to a pine tree, thence north 35 degrees west 115 feet to a post in the easterly line of the said railway lands, thence northerly bounding on said easterly line to place of beginning, containing two and 33-100 acres more or less according to survey of L. Gorton, of September 6 1878 being the same premises conveyed by James W. Hilton and wife to Frank R. Braun by deed dated January 7 1880 and recorded in the office of recorder of deeds of McKean county, in deed book Vol 7, page 400 &c. together with the appurtenances one large frame building of dimensions about 84 feet in width and about 300 feet in length, known as the Bradford Glass Works building, situate thereon and belonging to the same, also all of the property and franchises of the said Bradford Glass Works.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of W. B. McCartney at the suit of William Pennock

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa., Nov. 20, 1884.

Chapman & Son, Pl'ffs Att'ys.

Notice.

On July 3d, 1884, I took Hannah Ames off the town to support. She has left my house without any cause, therefore I forbid any one harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

GEO. A. A. GOODWIN

Port Allegany, Oct. 23, 1884-3t.

LEGAL.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge, and the Hons. H. HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Wednesday, Sept. 3d, 1884, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 24th day of November, 1884, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Nov. 6th, 1884, and in the 109th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn in the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, to be summoned for the 4th Monday of November, 1884.

Anderson, Ben—Port Allegany.
Blew, Wm E—Wetmore
Brennan, Matthew—Ceres.
Baldwin, W. P.—Oil Valley.
Courson, George—Derrick.
Cutting, H G.—Bradford.
Chapin, W. H. D.—Bradford.
Cushing, Charles, H.—Bradford.
Craig, John—Alton.
Cutting O. C.—Bradford.
Carpenter W. O.—Eldred.
Dennis, M. G.—Rixford.
Fertig, Frank—Bradford.
Glatt, F. G.—Wetmore.
Galup, Charles—Norwich
Heineman, G. D.—Rixford.
Hooker Nelson—Smethport.
Hazen C. A.—Liberty.
Jester, A.—Gillmore
Lillibridge A. N.—Port Allegany
Learn, John—Eldred.
Mills, John—Duke Centre
McKune, C. F.—Foster.
McAdoo, James—Rixford.
Oviatt J. B.—Norwich
Peabody, Nelson—Ceres.
Rice, B. B.—Eldred
Reploe, Joseph—Wetmore.
Smiley, A. A.—Rixford.
Shiver Judson—Eldred
Sayers, Joseph—Alton
Sinar, Byron—Annin.
Tyler, A. A.—Otto
Turby, Wm—Wetmore
Wandover, Charles—Annin.
Waller, E. F.—Smethport.

D. F. PATTISON, } Jury Coms.
E. F. CLARK, }
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Attest JNO. B. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Nov 5th, 1884

Court Proclamation.

The Hon ARTHUR G OLMSTED President Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Thursday, Oct. 23d, 1884, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace Orphans Court, and Court of Common Pleas in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 8th day of December, A D 1884 and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables, within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as well as just.

Dated at Smethport this Nov 20th, 1884 and the 109th year of the Independence of the United States of America

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff

List of Grand Jurors

Drawn for Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean County to be summoned for December 8th 1884 second Monday

Andrews J. L.—Foster
Adair H. H.—Bradford
Baker H. B.—Duke Station.
Brennan J. W.—Smethport
Boyer, J. G.—Keating
Campbell, C. T.—Liberty
Crooker, Geo. A.—Bradford.
Crandall A.—Eldred
Chapman Frank A.—Bradford.
Dennis Eldred—Eldred
Durfee C. A.—Bradford
Gallup L. J.—Liberty
Grover C. E.—Liberty
Hatfield Griffin—Bradford
Hadley M. J.—Annin
King Robt.—Smethport
McCann John—Bradford
McCarty W. F.—Bradford
Murphy, John—Annin
McDonald A.—Duke Centre.
Roberts, W. G.—Eldred
Riffe S. M.—Norwich
Russell Wm.—Oil Valley
Weaver, R. A.—Wetmore

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff

D. F. PATTISON } Jury Com'rs.
E. F. CLARK, }

Attest JNO. B. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport Pa Nov 20th, 1884.

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn in the Court of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions of McKean County, to be summoned for second Monday of December 1884.

Armstrong W. W.—Bradford
Avery, Chas.—Kendall.
Ash, John—Dallas
Burdick G. A.—Norwich.
Bean J. J.—Keating
Barrett G. N.—Keating.
Butler, Walter—Annin
Bishop Chas.—Liberty
Bartholomew, W. I.—Hamilton
Bressler Wm—Eldred
Cullin G. H.—Bradford
Caldwell, Robt—Bradford
Dunigan, Wm—Kendall
Duke Henry—Tram Hollow
Essler C. G.—Sawyer
Faulks, L. S.—Bradford.
Fairchild E. S.—Alton
Fields, Wm—Hamlin
Gallup Wilson O.—Norwich
[illegible]—Ceres
Graham Jesse—Keating
Grover Enos—Norwich
Gee Batsman—Bradford
Hoop John—Lafayette
Irvine, E.—Duke Centre
Irons Geo—Keating
Irons Stephen—Keating
Lilly J. A.—Rixford
Lincoln, Collins—Bradford
McDade, James—Wetmore
Martin, Davault—Hamlin.
Mell, George—Wetmore
McCullough W. J.—Bradford.
Oviatt, Allen—Keating
Potts, James—Summit.
Potts, John—Bradford.
Reilly Jerry—Ceres
Rifle W. H.—Norwich
Ross, D. E.—Derrick
Stanford, Val—Bradford
Swarthout, Henry—Keating.
Sterling A. B.—Alton.
Sawyer, Carlisle—Norwich
Tubbs A. R.—Keating
Tibbitts Spencer—Bradford
Washburn, S. S.—Alton
Welter S. A.—Big Shanty
Wells, G. R.—Big Shanty
Woodward, James—Sergeant
Young, Leroy—Port Allegany.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff
D. F. PATTISON, } Jury Coms.
E. F. CLARK, }
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff

Attest JNO. B. SHOEMAKER Clerk
Smethport, Pa., Nov 20th, 1884.

Assignee's Notice.

In the matter of the assignment of H. B. Huff, J. A. Ege and H. B. Huff and J. A. Ege, partners as Exchange Bank and as Huff and Ege to Lot B. Allen for the benefit of creditors.

In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, Pa. Nos 156, 157 and 158, October term, 1884.

TO ALL PARTIES CONCERNED.—Take notice that Lot B. Allen, assignee of H. B. Huff, J. A. Ege and H. B. Huff and J. A. Ege partners as Exchange Bank and as Huff & Ege, has filed his first and final account as such assignee, and that the same will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas for allowance and confirmation at a sessions of said court to be held on Monday the 8th day of December A. D. 1884 at 2 o'clock p. m., and the same will then and there be allowed and confirmed, unless cause be shown why such account should not be allowed.

JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Prothonotary
HUGH P. BRAWLEY, Dep'y

Geo. L. Roberts, Att'y for Assignee
Smethport Pa., Nov 20th, 1884-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport, Pa. on MONDAY, DECEMBER 8th, 1884 at 2 o'clock p. m.

All the defendants interest in and to all The said building located on a lot or piece of ground part of Warrants Nos. 3301 and 3418 situate lying and being in the city of Bradford, township of Bradford county of McKean and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a point on the easterly line of lands of the Buffalo, Bradford & Pittsburg Railroad Company and in the north line of lands of James W. Hilton, thence south 87 degrees east along said north line three hundred and thirty-five and 6-10 feet to a post thence south 3 degrees west six hundred and eighty three feet to a pine tree thence north 35 degrees, west one hundred and fifteen feet to a point in the easterly line of said Railroad Company's lands and thence northerly bounding on said easterly line of said Railroad Company's lands, to the place of beginning containing two and 33-100 acres, more or less, according to survey of L. Gorton surveyor, made Sept. 6, 1878, and being the same land that was conveyed to W. B. McCartney by T. W. Russell and Anna B. Braun administrators of the estate of F. R. Braun by deed dated the 7th day of Jan'y, A. D. 1880 and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in and for the county of McKean in deed book, vol. 4, at page 521, &c. The said building is a one-story frame building about eighty four (84) feet in width by two hundred and [illegible] feet in length and is known as the Bradford Glass Works building.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of W. B. McCartney owner of reputed owner and contractor, at the suit of Geo. H. Williams and Roger R. Williams partners as Williams Bros.

A. I. WILCOX Sheriff

Sheriff's office Smethport Pa. Nov 20, 1884
McSweeney & Byles, Pl'ffs Att'ys.

LEGAL.

Trial List

For Fourth Monday of November, 1884.

1 Ora Wasson by her next friend A. N. Lillibridge vs Charles W Wasson No 361 December term 1883 Feigned issue Divorce Answer to stand for plea

2 Mrs A P Rifle vs Henry King administrator of W A Williams deceased No 446 December term 1883 Appeal Labor claim Plea nil debit.

3 Samuel Hickman vs Robert McCoy No 193 February term 1881 Replevin Plea non cepit and property.

4 A N Heard and Mrs A L Heard in right of A L Heard vs the Pottsville Insurance Company No 401 May term 1882 Assumpsit Plea non-assumpsit with leave.

5 H G Tinker and W H Duncan partners as Tinker & Duncan vs Patrick Sheedy and Mary E Sheedy his wife in right of Mary E Sheedy No 311 September term 1881 Assumpsit Plea payment with leave &c. set off and coverture.

6 A Hooker vs D J Keyes No 346 September term 1881 Appeal Plea nil debit.

7 E Young vs B T Brinton No 325 September term 1881 Appeal Plea nil debit.

8 Edward Hughes vs Tim Mullen Jr No 650 September term 1881 Appeal Plea nil debit.

9 Harriet Irons by her next friend A J Parker vs Wm Irons No 263 December term 1881 Divorce Libel to stand for [illegible] Answer to stand for plea.

10 W Z Story and Libbie Story his wife in right of the wife vs John Fowler and W S Cody No 30 February term 1882 Appeal Plea nil debit.

11 L D Wetmore vs William Blew No 39 February term 1882 Replevin Plea non cepit and property in defendant.

12 John W King vs A T Newell No 133 February term 1882 Assumpsit Plea payment.

13 Alexander & Fulton vs Joseph Gilgore and J J Bell No 220 Feb'y term 1882 Trespass on the case in assumpsit Plea payment set off with leave to offer special matter in evidence.

14 Frank Goodyear vs M E Green No 359 February term 1882 Appeal Plea nil debit.

15 John Geuder vs Bradford Richburg & Cuba railroad Company No 79 May term 1882 Appeal from report of viewers Plea not guilty.

16 John Eaton vs S T Mehaffy and S Meals doing business as Mehaffy & Meals No 254 May term 1882 Ejectment for lot on west side of Jefferson street Nos 27 and 29 Bradford city Plea not guilty.

17 John Eaton vs J J Kennedy and Elizabeth Kennedy No 255 May term 1882 Ejectment for lot No 112 Davis land Bradford city Plea not guilty

18 M W Wagner vs J T Cain and M J Cain his wife in right of M J Cain No 280 May term 1882 Ejectment for lot situate west side of Chestnut street Bradford city Plea not guilty.

19 H G Crawford vs New York Lake Erie & Western railroad Company No 382 May term 1882 Trespass on the case Plea not guilty.

20 R Jennings and Edward Jennings doing business as R Jennings & Son vs the Olean Bradford and Warren railroad Company No 579 May term 1882 Case Damages claimed $500 Plea not guilty.

21 A B Leake vs George H Noble No 6 September term 1882 Appeal Plea nil debit.

22 Lot B Allen and Wilbur Russell doing business as the Lewis Run Lumber Company vs Guy Drake No 27 September term 1882 Appeal Plea nil debit.

23 Charles Smith vs N C Clark No 18 December term 1882 Appeal Plea nil debit

24 J mes S Moody vs H H Halleck M Halleck and W Halleck partners as Halleck Bros No 40 December term 1882 Appeal Plea nil debit.

25 John J Carter vs W F Jordan and John H Markham as Markham & Jordan No 72 December term 1882 Appeal Plea nil debit.

JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Clerk.

Smethport, Pa. Nov 5th, 1884.

Notice in Divorce.

A D No. 71, May, Term, 1884.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the sheriff of said county, greeting

Whereas, Fannie Graham by her next friend E. Boyer did on the 23d day of February 1884 prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Charles N. Graham

We therefore command you, the said Charles N. Graham that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the second Monday of Dec next to answer the petition or libel of said Fannie Graham, and to show cause if any you have why the said Fannie Graham, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not

{ seal of Common } Witness, the Hon. A. G. { Pleas Court. } Olmsted, President of our said Court at Smethport, this 14th day of Oct., A. D. 1884

(Signed) JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Proth'y
HUGH P. BRAWLEY, Dep'ty

A true copy
Attest A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
C. J. Curtis, Att'y

Notice in Divorce.

A D No 213 May Term, 1884.

McKEAN COUNTY ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting

Whereas Rose J. Nugent by her next friend W. J. Alexander, did on the 21 day of April, 1884 prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, William A. Nugent

We therefore command you, the said Wm A. Nugent that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the second Monday of Dec. next, to answer the petition or libel of said Rose J. Nugent and show cause, if any you have why the said Rose J. Nugent, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

Attest A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
H. McSweeney, Att'y.

Notice in Divorce.

A D No. 63 May Term, 1884.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting

Whereas Nellie E. Buzard by her next friend John H. Lamb did on the 5th day of Feb'y 1884, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Granville W. Buzard.

We therefore command you, the said Granville W. Buzard that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the second Monday of Dec. next, to answer the petition or libel of said Nellie E. Granville and to show cause, if any you have why the said Nellie E. Buzard, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

Attest: A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
G. F. Stranahan, Att'ys.

Property Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property hereinafter mentioned, to-wit.

One team of bay mares,
One team of horses, one bay and one chestnut,
One roan horse,
One bay mare,
One team of bay horses,
One red cow,

A lot of sleds, wagons, harness, boats, chains, tools hay and feed and other equipments used by James Landrigan on the job of the Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, is the property of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, and is left in the possession of said James Landrigan for a limited time only. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with said property, except by the consent of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited

RIDGWAY LUMBER CO. LIMITED.
B. E. CARTWRIGHT, Supt.

Ridgway, Pa., Sept. 20, 1884. 41-tf.

Dissolution Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting under the firm name of Van Wormer & Lampe is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due said firm will be settled by F. M. Van Wormer, and all liabilities will be settled by said Van Wormer who is authorized to settle all accounts and sign the firm name for said settlements. F. M. Van Wormer will continue the business at the old stand.

F. M. VAN WORMER,
HENRY H. LAMPE.

Ceres, Pa., Oct. 16th, 1884.—44-4t.

THE

REMINGTON Sewing Machine,

LIKE THE

REMINGTON RIFLE,

UNEXCELLED BY ANY.

Sure to Give Satisfaction.

General Office, Ilion, N. Y.

New York Office, 283 Broadway.

Buying Agents Wanted.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DON'T WORRY

Because you need a stove, but come to my store and get one for less money than you can purchase west of New York.

YOU CAN BUY

At your own figures, Hardware, Cutlery, Tinware. Everything you need in keeping house sold very low for cash at

L. W. MASON'S STORE,

Three doors west of the Kittredge Opera House building.

W. R. WEAVER. 1876-1884. L. EMERY, JR.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO

41 and 43 Main Street,

BRADFORD PENN'A.

GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE.

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS, AND JOBBERS.

HOUSE SUPPLIES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WOODEN WARE,
BRUSHES, BASKETS,
GRANITE IRON WARE,
COMMON TINWARE,
BLACKSMITHS' SUPPLIES,
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,

SILVER-PLATED WARE,

Solid Sterling Silver Spoons.

BABY CARRIAGES,

BOYS WAGONS AND CARTS,

GENERAL HARDWARE,

THE BEST KEDZIE WATER FILTER.

☞ You can purchase anything you want at this Establishment.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

BRADFORD. - - PA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA

Pe-ru-na is composed wholly of [illegible] ingredients, each one [illegible] the most potent of all [illegible] It cures without fail every case of

Chronic Catarrh, Consumption, General and Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Chronic Rheumatism, Diabetes, Stone in the Bladder, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Diseases of the Stomach.

[illegible] Hartman & Co. [illegible] Columbus, Ohio.

MANALIN positively [illegible]

[illegible]

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

50c.—THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL—$1.00

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

Health is Wealth!

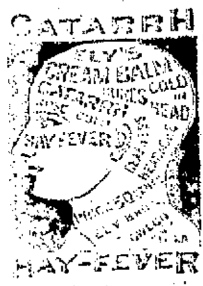
Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, [illegible] Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

THOMPSON & WOOD, Druggists,
BRADFORD, PA.

CATARRH



ELY'S CREAM BALM Causes no Pain. Gives Relief at once. Thorough treatment will cure. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Apply into Nostrils. Give it a Trial.

HAY-FEVER

[illegible] Ely Brothers, Owego, N. Y.

DOWNS' ELIXIR.

N. H. DOWNS'

Vegetable Balsamic

ELIXIR

[illegible]

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis, [illegible]

CONSUMPTION

[illegible]

It heals the ulcerated surfaces

[illegible]

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

DOWNS' ELIXIR.

For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

[illegible]

ELMIRA, N. Y.

The only [illegible] in the world [illegible]

FROM THE PRESIDENT

OF BAYLOR UNIVERSITY.

[illegible], Texas, Sept. 23, 1882.

[illegible]'s Hair Vigor

[illegible] in every [illegible]

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is entirely free from uncleanly, dangerous, or injurious substances. It prevents the hair from falling, restores faded or gray hair to its original color, prevents baldness, preserves the hair and promotes its growth, cures dandruff and all diseases of the hair and scalp, and is, at the same time, a very superior and desirable dressing.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

MONKEYS FOR BREAKFAST.

Three Hundred or So to Enliven a Honey-Moon in India.

[Phil Robinson.]

I was married in India. I engaged for our honeymoon a little house—sixteen miles or so from any other habitation of white men—that stood on the steep white cliffs of the Nerbudda river, which here flows through a canyon of pure white marble. Close beside our house was a little hut, where a holy man lived in charge of an adjoining shrine, earning money for himself and for the shrine by polishing little pieces of marble as mementoes for visitors. It was a wonderful place altogether, and while my wife went in to change her dress the servants laid breakfast on the veranda overlooking the river. At the clatter of the plates there began to come down from the big tree that overshaded the house, and up the trees that grew in the ravine behind it, from the house roof itself, from everywhere, a multitude of solemn monkeys. They came up singly and in couples and in families, and took their places without noise or fuss on the veranda, and sat there like an audience waiting for an entertainment to commence. And when everything was ready, the breakfast all laid, the monkeys all seated, I went in to call my wife.

"Breakfast is ready and they are all waiting," I said.

"Who are waiting?" she asked in dismay. "I thought we were going to be alone, and I was just coming out in my dressing gown."

"Never mind," I said. "The people about here are not very fashionably dressed themselves. They wear pretty much the same things all the year round."

And so my wife came out. Imagine, then, her astonishment. In the middle of the veranda stood our breakfast table, and all the rest of the space, as well as the railings and the steps, was covered with an immense company of monkeys, as grave as possible and as motionless and silent as if they were stuffed. Only their eyes kept blinking, and their little round ears kept twitching. Laughing heartily at which the monkeys only looked all the graver, my wife sat down.

"Will they eat anything?" asked she.

"Try them," I said.

So she picked up a biscuit and threw it among the company. And the result! Three hundred monkeys jumped up in the air like one, and just for one instant there was a riot that defies description. The next instant every monkey was sitting in its place as solemn and serious as if it had never moved. Only their eyes winked and their ears twitched.

My wife threw them another biscuit, and again the riot, and then another and another and another. But at length we had given away all that we had to give, and got up to go. The monkeys at once rose, every monkey on the veranda, and advancing gravely to the steps, walked down them in a solemn procession, old and young together, and dispersed for the day's occupations.

White Animals and Black.

A. R. Wallace in Phrenological Journal: Some very curious physiological facts bearing upon the presence or absence of white colors in the higher animals have lately been adduced by Dr. Ogle. It has been found that a colored or dark pigment in the olfactory regions of the nostrils appears to be essential to perfect smell, and this pigment is rarely deficient except when the whole animal is pure white. In these cases the creature is almost without smell or taste. This, Dr. Ogle believes, explains the curious case of the pigs in Virginia adduced by Mr. Darwin, white pigs being poisoned by a poisonous root which does not affect black pigs. Mr. Darwin imputed this to a constitutional difference accompanying the dark color, which rendered what was poisonous to the white-colored animals quite innocuous to the black.

Dr. Ogle, however, observes that there is no proof that the black pigs eat the root, and he believes the more probable explanation to be that it is distasteful to them, while the white pigs, being deficient in smell and taste, eat it and are killed. Analogous facts occur in several distinct families. White sheep are killed in the Tarentino by eating Hypericum crispum, while black sheep escape; white rhinoceroses are said to perish from eating Euphorbia candelabrum, and white horses are said to suffer from poisonous food where colored ones escape. Now, it is very improbable that a constitutional immunity from poisoning by so many distinct plants should, in the case of such widely different animals, be always correlated with the same difference of color; but the facts are readily understood, if the senses of smell and taste are dependent on the presence of a pigment which is deficient in wholly white animals.

The Economical Swiss Cottage.

[Utica Observer.]

"My wife, who has always had romantic ideas about the Swiss cottage, thought she would like to stay over night in one. I had seen them, but she would not believe what I said about them, but, as our train arrived at Geneva late at night, we concluded to stay over in a sweet Swiss village and get our first peep at Mont Blanc from the morning train. We stayed in a picturesque Swiss hotel, in a lovely Swiss village. We will never forget it. The floors were bare and had not seen water for seventy odd years. The tables in the dining room were of dirty pine without table cloths. About 12 o'clock we felt something biting us. My wife said 'it is fleas.'

"No, I said, they are bugs."

"Fleas, I'm sure," said my wife."

Without discussing the question for ten minutes I got up and lit a tallow candle. And, for the first time in our lives, we found we agreed perfectly. We were both right. There were 9,876,431 fleas and 7,012,842 bugs in each bed. It is needless to say that we sat up the rest of the night, and went into Geneva the next morning all jaded out. Since then my wife has not respected Claude Melnotte's poetic description of his Alpine home. The Swiss cottage, on a close examination, invariably turns out to be a great barn full of cattle, hogs and men. The only exception to this is when the owner, living near or in town, has his business in his house. The wagon-maker, iron-caster and tanner always lives in one corner of his shop, foundry or tannery. The brick-maker even lives in one corner of his 'kiln.'"

The Great Beer-Gardens.

[Eli Perkins in Chicago Tribune.]

Munich has the largest beer gardens and the best beer in Europe. The city runs to beer, art and music. The best Bavarian beer sells for 3 cents per quart mug. It is common to see a man sit down and drain off three quart mugs at a sitting. If you see a procession of people on any street, and follow it, it will take you to a beer-garden. In these gardens you will sometimes see 3,000 people drinking beer and listening to the music. In these gardens refreshments are also served. Fried sausage costs 3 cents, bread a penny, chicken and duck 5 cents. Many of the drinkers bring their own refreshments. A man always comes out with his family. I have seen but one drunken man in France, Switzerland and Bavaria. After the Bavarian has drank two quarts he feels a little exhilarated, but the third quart sets him to yawning. The government inspects the beer. It is pure.

A Story by Tom Ochiltree.

(Stephensville Enterprise.)

A highwayman recently stopped a young lady riding on horseback and demanded her money. She dropped her purse in the road and then started on a run for home. The highwayman dismounted to secure the purse, when his horse started off after the young lady, following her clear home. He was caught by the girl's father, and, on examination, $4,000 was found in the saddle pockets. The aforesaid highwayman must have felt rather down in the mouth.

There are forty female attorneys in the United States.

MISCELLANEOUS

CLIMBING THE SPIRAL STAIRS

Invisible Architecture in a New England Parsonage.

"Yes," she said, "our children are married and gone, and my husband and I are by our winter fire much as we did before the little ones came to widen the circle. Life is something like a spiral staircase, we are all the time coming around over the spot we started from, only one degree further up the stairs."

"That is a pretty illustration," remarked her friend, musingly, gazing into the glowing coals which radiated a pleasant heat from the many-windowed stove. "You know we cannot stop toiling up the hill, though."

"Surely we cannot, and for myself I don't find fault with that necessity, provided the advance in life is not attended with chronic or suffering. [illegible] Not long since my health utterly broke down. My system was full of malaria. My digestion became thoroughly disordered and my nerves were in a wretched state. I was languid, ate little and that without enjoyment, and had no strength or ambition to perform even my light household duties. Medical treatment failed to reach the seat of the trouble. The disease, which seemed to be weakness of all the vital organs, progressed until I had several attacks which my physicians pronounced to be acute congestion of the stomach. The last of these was a desperate struggle and I was given up to die. As the crisis had partially passed, my husband heard of the merits of PARKER'S TONIC as an invigorant in just such a case as mine. I took it and felt its good effects at once. It appeared to pervade my body, as though the blessing of new life had come to me. Taking no other medicine I continued to improve, and am now in better health than I have been for a long time."

(Extract from interview with the wife of Rev. [illegible] Pastor of Baptist church, [illegible], Mass.

Words of Warning and Comfort.

"If you are suffering from poor health or languishing on a bed of sickness, take cheer if you are simply ailing, or if you feel
weak and dispirited,
without clearly knowing
why, Hop Bitters
will surely cure you.

If you are a minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties, or a mother, worn out with care and work, or a man of business or labor, weakened by the strain of your everyday duties, or a man of letters toiling over your midnight work, Hop Bitters will most surely strengthen you.

If you are suffering from over-eating or drinking, any indiscretion or dissipation, or are young and growing too fast, as is often the case,

"Or if you are in the workshop, on the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and feel that your system needs cleansing, toning, or stimulating, without intoxicating, if you are old,
blood thin and impure, pulse feeble, nerves unsteady, faculties waning, Hop Bitters is what you need to give you new life, health and vigor."

If you are costive, or dyspeptic, or suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill. If you are wasting away with any form of kidney disease, stop tempting death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters.

If you are sick with that terrible sickness, Nervousness, you will find a "Balm in Gilead" in Hop Bitters.

If you are a frequenter, or a resident of, a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all countries—malaria, epidemic, bilious and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

If you have rough, pimply, or sallow skin, bad breath, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, the sweetest breath and health. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

A Lady's Wish.

"Oh, how I do wish my skin was as clear and soft as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady.

"By using Hop Bitters that makes pure, rich blood and blooming health. It did it for me as you observe."

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

From the Corporal.

From the marine barracks, Pensacola, Florida, Corporal Ben Barker writes of the benefits of Brown's Iron Bitters in that malarious region. He says: "I have used several bottles and must say I am greatly benefited by it. Several of my comrades use Brown's Iron Bitters, and you may rest assured they all think it is the greatest thing on earth." This kind of testimony comes from all quarters concerning Brown's Iron Bitters—the best tonic.

Best white wheat flour $1 15 a sack at H. L. WILSON'S.

New Testimonials of Dennis' Remedies.

DEAR SIR: I hereby certify that before I commenced using your Blood, Liver and Kidney Cure, about three months since, my nervous system was completely prostrated and I find that it is all that I could ask for my case.—MRS. J. R. SOMMAKER, Smethport, Pa., Sept. 25th, 1884.

The above testimony is one of hundreds that I get in every direction where I go for the article referred to and the full list of my goods, such as The Great Panacea, Dennis' Superior Cough Syrup, Balm of Gilead Salve, etc. Price 25 cts. Each for sale by E. B. McCoy, Smethport, Pa., and also by the Proprietor and manufacturer formerly of [illegible] G. F. DENNIS, Ellicott, Pa.

Pure corn and oats feed made by Crown Bros., Erie, Pa., $1 [illegible] per hundred at H. L. WILSON'S.

By Neglect

What is a first but a slight cold, becomes a cough, stronger and exhausting the lungs till we learn too late that consumption exists, that powerful remedies are not always able to stop the disease and the person goes into consumption from mere neglect. Don't be so foolish but use Hamilton's cough balsam, which removes the impure matter from the throat and lungs and exerts a healing influence on the diseased parts. Even those who are but the wrecks of their former selves receive wonderful help. In croup and whooping cough it is invaluable. Price 25 cents and 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Main street.

Sampson's Legs and Locks.

When Delilah clipped off Sampson's locks that mighty [illegible] came [illegible] If it could be proved that the [illegible] of luxuriant hair would enable men to [illegible] and jaws, Hiscox & Co. would be driven wild in the effort to supply enough of Parker's Hair Balsam to meet the demand. As it is the Balsam prevents the hair from falling out, and restores the original color to faded or gray. Besides it is a great addition to the toilet table simply as a dressing.

Why Suffer?

With dyspepsia when Parmelee's dyspepsia, diabetes, kidney and liver cure will work wonders, relieving you at once. Do not wait till dyspepsia has overcome and diabetes has taken full possession of your body but remember that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." This fine preparation will also tone up the kidneys and liver and cleanse the system of all impurities. Price $1 00 per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, drug store, Main street.

Thoroughly Tried

After many years of experience in my own family and upon my horses and cattle I am constrained to say that Parmelee's universal liniment is the most complete remedy for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, sore throat, etc., in the human family and of bone spavin, sweeny, ringbone, sparins, bruises on horses, caked bags, sore teats, etc., on cattle, that I have ever known and take pleasure in recommending to others. Large bottles 50 cents and common size 25 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, drug store, Main street.

Pure corn and oats feed $1 45 a hundred at H. L. WILSON'S.

Do You Know?

That the Horse and Cattle Powders prepared by E. M. Parmelee are composed of the very best and purest materials. Ginger, fenugreek, blood root, elecampane, for coughs, colds, epizootic, distemper, etc., sulphur, mandrake, gentian, sulphur magnesia for impure blood; besides many other ingredients especially adapted to the cure of colic, worms, heaves, and all diseases of horses, cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry. But no other. Full pounds only 25 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist, Main street.

The Great American Chorus.

Sneezing, snuffling and coughing! This is the music all over the land just now. And will be until June. "I've got such an awful cold in my head." Cure it with Ely's Cream Balm or it may end in the toughest form of catarrh. Maybe you have catarrh now. Nothing is more nauseous and dreadful. This remedy masters it as no other ever did. Not a snuff nor a liquid. Applied by the finger to the nostrils. Pleasant, certain, radical.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

A woman cannot be a malefactor.

Texas [illegible] for Cleveland, and yet we send missionaries to Japan and India.

SINCE last October I have suffered from acute inflammation in my nose and head—often in the night having to get up and inhale salt and water for relief. My eye has been, for a week at a time, so I could not see. I have used no end of remedies, also employed a doctor, who said it was impure blood—but I got no help. I used Ely's Cream Balm on the recommendation of a friend. I was [illegible] but in a few days was cured. My nose now, and also my eye, is well. It is wonderful how quick it helped me. Mrs. Georgie S. Judson, Hartford, Conn. Easy to use. Price 50 cents.

THE people are anxious in regard to the New Orleans Exposition.

IN London snails are a regular article of sale. They are bought by gardeners and florists.

Avoid the harsh, irritating, griping compounds so often sold as purging medicines, and correct the irregularities of the bowels by the use of Ayer's Cathartic Pills, which are mild and gentle, yet thorough and searching, in their action.

THE favorite poem of some of those who made wagers is, "Bets and I are out."

DOES Vanderbilt wish he Maud S. back again?

IF your hogs are in an unhealthy, weakly condition from mange or lice, put one package of Day's Horse and Cattle Powder in a barrel of swill and let them drink at will.

THE Duke of Argyle says the world is [illegible] years old.

THE three outlets of disease are the bowels, the skin and the kidneys. Regulate their action with the best purifying tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters.

LARGE brass brackets are now sold for hall decoration.

SOME new silver pins are made to represent little palettes.

REMARKED by R. C. Joiner, of Allen P. O., Hillsdale Co., Mich.: "Nothing gave my rheumatism such quick relief as Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Believe it infallible for rheumatism."

THE limbs of man after birth grow more rapidly than the trunk.

WHEN Noah was in the Ark young Ham was always playing tricks on the old gentleman. One day he told his worrying father that there was water in the cellar and they had all caught cold. Then it dawns upon Noah that he had omitted to secure a supply of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup which he always used.

ONE bushel of ashes represents about two and a half tons of dry body wood.

OLD rats, it is said, lose their faculties, and are led around by the younger ones.

"My face, my head, my back, my [illegible] Oh, my, how they pain me!" Why don't you use [illegible] It will relieve you in ten minutes. 25 cts a bottle.

FORTY Mormon dem[illegible] want the post [illegible]

TO put on a [illegible], small as homeopathic pellets and as easy to take as sugar. Everybody likes them. Carter's Little Liver Pills. [illegible]

NEW [illegible] note paper [illegible] with white fur [illegible]

GET [illegible] cold at once by using [illegible] Cough Syrup. A sure [illegible]

AN apple tree in Perry county [illegible] this year [illegible]

[illegible] Bros. of Erie, Pa., white wheat flour $1 15 per sack at H. L. WILSON'S.

MARRIAGE [illegible]

[illegible] Christmas [illegible] cure, the worst cases of cuts, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by W. T. Callar. Price 50 cts.

[illegible]

Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"Rough on Rats" clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Rough on Pain" Porous Plaster, strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

Thin people. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, headache, nervousness, debility. $1.

Whooping cough, and the many throat affections of children, promptly, pleasantly and safely relieved by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c.; Balsam 25c.

Mothers. If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver. If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Toothache." Instant relief for neuralgia, toothache, faceache. Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15 and 25c.

Pretty Women. Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity. Don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

Catarrhal throat affections, hacking, irritating coughs, colds, sore throat, cured by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ring-worm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

Wide awake three or four hours every night coughing. Get immediate relief and sound rest by using Wells' "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

The Best
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET!
—IN—
SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

—ALSO.—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

E. B. McCOY,

Druggist & Pharmacist

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always on Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric [illegible] connected with [illegible] gives special facilities for night calls.

C. V. GILLIS,

dealer in

Drugs and Medicines

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

H. A. SPRAGUE'S

HARDWAE STOE,

Opposite the Grand Central,

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishnig Goods

SILVERWARE,

Cutlery, Lamps,

Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,

Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything [illegible] in a First Class Hardware Store. The closest buyers will [illegible] for that does [illegible] quality can be bought for less money [illegible] than any other place in the County.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

STEWART'S

IRON FIBRE

PAINT AND CEMENT

COLORS RED AND BROWN.

All Ready for Use.

[illegible]

WM. H. STEWART
[illegible] St., New York

RISLEY'S WITCH HAZEL

[illegible]

RISLEY'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU

[illegible] RISLEY, [illegible] N. Y.

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLRY

TOYS,

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

Watches against the world for time and money.

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA

WANTED! Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, Trees, &c. SALESMEN [illegible] Experience not essential. Full instructions given inexperienced men. Address, LE CLARE & HEDRICK, Brighton, N. Y. This mile east of Rochester.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS

COLEMAN

Business

COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.

[illegible] students from Pennsylvania in 1883. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life scholarship, $40. Write for circulars. H. COLEMAN & PALMS, Proprietors.

Steam Engines, [illegible] Send for stock List. [illegible] THOMAS [illegible]

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

A hacking cough, itching of the nose, grinding of the teeth are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

Sleepless nights, [illegible] children are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They are a sure and safe remedy for the cure of worms in adults and children. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

The most pleasant and easy remedy to take with the best results are

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They have been on the market for fifteen years and have always given satisfaction in every case. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

When your druggist offers you anything else do not take it, but make him send and get

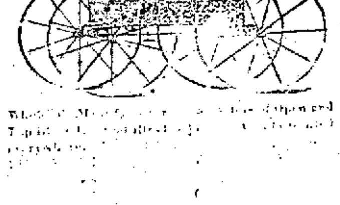
E. K. THOMPSON'S

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

Prepared at Titusville, Pa. Price 25c. Sent to any postoffice address on receipt of 2 cents.

Michigan Buggy Co.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.



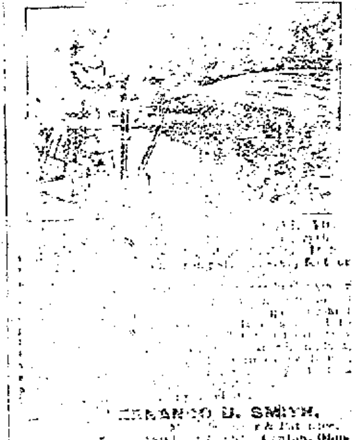
[illegible]

FERNANDO D. SMITH'S

PATENT SPRINKLER

The

Novelty Force Pump.



FERNANDO D. SMITH,
[illegible] & Patentee,
[illegible] Canton, Ohio.

THE

D.W. Miller Carriage Co.

[illegible]

LIGHT and HEAVY CARRIAGES, PHAETONS, CARTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, &C.

After the most approved [illegible] the very lowest [illegible]

—50,000 vehicles—

[illegible] our goods by the universal satisfaction which they give. Every vehicle is WARRANTED. Special attention will be given to mail orders.

CATALOGUES FREE.

D. W. Miller Carriage Co.,
E. Fifth St., Calvert St. and Eggleston Ave.,
CINCINNATI, O.

PETER HENDERSON & CO.'S
SEEDS AND PLANTS
Are Annually Sown and Planted in Half a Million Gardens!
This Year's Catalogue Free on Application.
35 & 37 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK.
PETER HENDERSON & CO.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH

Easy to use. A certain cure. Not expensive. Three months' treatment in one package. Good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Dizziness, Hay Fever, &c. Fifty cents. By all Druggists, or by mail.
E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A PRESENT OF $50.00

—TO—

Horsemen and Farmers.

CENTAURINE!

—THE GREAT—

Cleansing and Healing Compound

Is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever, or Wounds of any kind on Horse or Man. Centaurine has had a local reputation for twenty years, dating back to the fall of '59, when [illegible] product of petroleum was discovered. [illegible] The above $50.00 goes [illegible] no advertising dodge. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Be sure [illegible] directions are found in its praise. It costs you nothing if it fails to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE

HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation, free from any mineral, and has a local reputation with Centaurine. They are [illegible] retaining their medical properties while being used. The only true Tonic and Blood Cleansing Compound in the market. Price 35 cents per box.

Don't Forget our

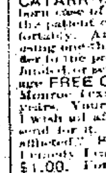
White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment

The great assister of nature in softening the hardened and feverish hoofs. Try a package of these valuable preparations, and if they don't prove as represented, get your present. Price 35 cents per box. Manufactured by

WILSON & BRENEMAN,
Pharmaceutists,
KENDALL CREEK, PA.

For sale at W. T. Callar's, Smethport, Pa.

D. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.



Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. F. Brown, Monroe, Texas, writes: "I suffered with Asthma [illegible] years. Your Great Remedy completely cured me. I wish all afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to send for it. Publish this for the benefit of the afflicted." Should your druggist not keep the remedy I can send it by mail on receipt of price $1.00. For sale by all druggists. Address D. LANGELL, Applecreek, Ohio.

AGENTS Wanted for handsome illustrated standard Books & Bibles [illegible] Liberal terms. Bradley, Garretson & Co., [illegible] Philadelphia, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS THE BEST TONIC.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

QUALITY P NOT QUANTITY

Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

BRADFORD BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD—Time Table. Takes effect Monday, Jan. 7, 1884.

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	1	3	5	7
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Bradford......Dep	10	4 30	4 30	
Smethport......Ar	10 05	3 20	6 25	
Duke Centre	9 31	3 15	5 51	
Eldred	9 50	3 10	6 30	
Bolivar	10 51	4 11	7 11	7 20
Richburg	10 58	4 18	7 18	6 47
Allentown	11 25	4 35	7 35	7 45
Wellsville	11 50	5 10	8 10	8 20

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	2	4	6	8
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Wellsville......Lv	6 00	9 30	2 18	6 00
Allentown	6 37	10 05	2 53	6 35
Richburg	6 47	10 17	3 05	7 18
Bolivar	6 50	10 29	3 17	7 00
Eldred	8 00	11 30	4 20	
Duke Centre	8 19	11 49	4 39	
Smethport	7 50	11 20	4 10	
Bradford......Ar	9 40	11 10	6 00	

Through line between Bradford, Smethport, Eldred and all points in the Allegany oil field.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—Leave Wellsville at 7:30 a. m.; Allentown, 8:05; Richburg, 8:17; Bolivar 8:29; Eldred, 8:30; Duke Centre, 9:49; Smethport, 9:20; arriving at Bradford at 11:10 a. m. Returning—Leave Bradford at 4 p. m., arriving at Smethport at 5:50; Duke Centre, 5:21; Eldred 5:40; Bolivar, 6:41; Richburg, 6:45; Allentown, 7:05; Wellsville, 7:40.

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect Jan. 1, 1884.

Westward. 28	Westward. 26	Stations.	Eastward 25	Eastward 27
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 27	9 07	Ar......Cuba......Lv	10 00	5 00
1 30	7 25	Lv Little Genesee ar	11 42	6 45
1 15	7 19	......Bolivar......	11 50	6 56

R. C. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Man'gr.
JNO. C. MCKENNA, G. P. A.

Estey Organ Co.
Brattleboro Vt.
ESTEY
ESTEY ORGAN

When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

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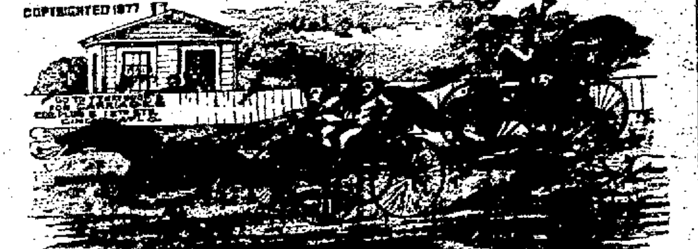

Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this picture, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF AMERICA. See Haydock's Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Ask your dealer for the T. T. HAYDOCK BUGGY, with the Haydock Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Life is insecure riding over any other.

(This picture will be furnished on a large card, printed in elegant style, to anyone who will agree to frame it.)

[ENCLOSE STAMP.]

T. T. HAYDOCK,

☞ Send for Catalogue and Wholesale Price List.

Cor. Plum and Twelfth Sts., CINCINNATI, O.

AGENTS WANTED WHERE WE HAVE NONE! NO INVESTMENT SO PROFITABLE!

Bring in Your Work Early

—AND—

AVOID THE GREAT RUSH!

THE

MINER · OFFICE

IS NOW TURNING OUT AS

NEAT AND ARTISTIC

—WORK IN THE—

JOB PRINTING

Line as is done in any Establishment in this section of the state.

A TRIAL ORDER IS SOLICITED

—AND—

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect Sept. 21, 1884.

NORTHWARD.			STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD.		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Ar. Lv.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 00	4 10	8 40	Buffalo	8 00	2 40	5 30
6 40		8 30	Ebenezer	8 30		5 51
6 30		8 11	Spring Brook	8 25		6 02
6 14	12 41	8 01	Elma	8 32		6 09
[illegible]		7 50	Jamison	8 40		6 19
6 13	12 22	7 31	East Aurora	8 47	2 19	6 24
6 02		7 41	Wales	8 54		6 34
5 52		7 32	Holland	9 0[illegible]		6 41
5 42		7 23	Protection	9 12		6 52
5 37	12 02	7 17	Sardinia Jun.	9 27	3 47	6 59
5 29	11 57	7 11	Arcade	9 22	3 5[illegible]	7 05
5 [illegible]		7 04	Yorkshire	9 41		7 12
5 04	11 40	6 56	Machias	9 5[illegible]	4 12	7 22
4 46	11 30	6 40	Franklinville	10 05	4 22	7 [illegible]
4 37		6 23	Ischua	10 2[illegible]		7 42
4 23	11 01	6 07	Hinsdale	10 37	4 4[illegible]	8 07
4 07	10 49	5 55	Erie Ry Junc.	10 49	5 00	8 15
4 02	10 44	5 50	Olean	10 51	5 10	8 20
2 17	8 04	4 00	Bradford	12 45	6 45	
2 43	10 24		Portville	11 10	5 17	8 25
2 21	10 12		Eldred	11 20	[illegible]	[illegible]
2 13	9 52		Larrabees	11 2[illegible]	5 46	8 41
2 05	9 47		Sartwell	11 44		
2 02	9 42		Turtle Point	11 4[illegible]		
2 45	9 29		Port Allegany	12 0[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2 27	9 16		Liberty	12 20	6 27	[illegible]
2 19	8 50		Keating	12 2[illegible]	6 31	
1 59	8 40		Sluppen	12 4[illegible]	6 53	
1 45	8 25		Emporium	1 05	7 10	12 30
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.

a. m.	lv		ar	a. m.
3 20		Harrisburg		4 50
11 20		Philadelphia		[illegible]
8 00		New York		10 40
11 20		Baltimore		2 52
10 00		Washington		[illegible]
p. m.	lv		ar	a. m.

CLERMONT BRANCH.

L'v Northw'd P. M.	L'v Northw'd A. M.	STATIONS.	L'v Southw'd A. M.	L'v Southw'd P. M.
3.10	9.10	Larrabees	11.40	5.50
2.57	9.24	Frisbee	11.52	6.04
2.42	9.14	Farmers Valley	12.02	6.12
2.50	8.50	Smethport	12.14	6.27
2.10	8.30	Crosby	12.29	6.42
2.05	8.24	Colegrove	12.33	6.47
2.00	8.18	Hamlin	12.37	6.51
1.45	8.00	Wernwag	12.54	7.21
1.30	7.45	Clermont	1.10	7.30

OLEAN, BRADFORD & WARREN DIVIS'N.

EASTWARD.

	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Bradford......lv	8 00	9 15	4 15	2 15
Tarport	8 00	9 20	4 20	2 20
Babcock Mills	8 13	9 28	4 29	2 29
Derrick	8 17	9 32	4 32	2 32
Gillmor	8 21	9 30	4 32	2 [illegible]
Red Rock	8 29	9 40	4 41	2 [illegible]
Bells Camp	8 37	9 53	4 53	2 [illegible]
State Line	8 46	10 03	5 02	2 [illegible]
Knapps Creek	8 51	10 08	5 09	2 [illegible]
Rock City	9 01	10 15	5 [illegible]	3 [illegible]
Four Mile	9 04	10 18	5 19	3 1[illegible]
Olean	9 45	11 00	6 10	4 00
Bolivar		3 45	7 10	
Richburg		3 55	7 20	

WESTWARD.

	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Richburg......lv	6 44		4 00	5 15
Bolivar	6 50		4 10	[illegible]
Olean	8 00	11 00	5 20	3 20
Four Mile	8 45	11 43	6 05	4 14
Rock City	8 48	11 46	6 09	4 17
Knapps Creek	8 51	11 52	6 14	4 23
State Line	9 01	12 00	6 20	4 [illegible]
Bells Camp	9 09	12 09	6 29	4 [illegible]
Red Rock	9 21	12 21	6 41	4 [illegible]
Gillmor	9 25	12 25	6 45	4 [illegible]
Derrick	9 29	12 29	6 49	5 [illegible]
Babcock Mills	9 33	12 33	6 53	5 [illegible]
Tarport	9 40	12 40	7 00	5 [illegible]
Bradford......ar	9 45	12 45	7 05	5 [illegible]

Sunday trains leaves Olean at 3:30 p. m. arriving at Bradford 5:15 p.m. Leave Bradford at 9:15 a. m. arriving at Olean 11:00 a. m.

KENDALL & ELDRED DIVISION.

Eastward			STATIONS.	Westward		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.
7 18	4 08	10 58	ar......Richburg......lv	6 47	10 15	[illegible]
[illegible]	4 11	10 51	Bolivar	6 50	10 1[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Eldred	7 48	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2 48	9 [illegible]	Prentissvale	8 02	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	8 54	Duke Centre	8 07	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2 38	8 50	Rixford	8 11	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2 19	8 31	Summit City	8 21	12 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2 05	8 12	Dallas	8 44	12 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 55	8 10	Sawyer	8 53	12 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 50	8 0[illegible]	Lafferty	8 58	12 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 45	8 0[illegible]	Tarport	9 03	12 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 40	7 55	lv Bradford ar	9 08	12 55	[illegible]

BRADFORD & KINZUA DIVISION.

Eastward			STATIONS.	Westward		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.
[illegible]	3 25	11 35	ar......Bradford......lv	7 00	10 00	[illegible]
[illegible]	2 50	11 17	DeGolia	7 18	10 15	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	11 [illegible]	Custer City	7 23	10 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2 47	11 04	Song Bird	7 31	10 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	10 56	Elmwood	7 45	10 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2 30	10 45	Marshburg	8 [illegible]	10 [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 [illegible]	10 2[illegible]	Wildcat	8 25	11 00	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 30	10 10	Morrisons	8 40	11 22	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 15	10 04	Dew Drop	9 00	11 30	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 00	9 55	Kinzua	9 15	11 40	[illegible]

p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	B. P. & W. RR.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
5 30		9 20	lv......Warren......ar		12 14	[illegible]
5 15		9 05	Irvineton		12 30	[illegible]
4 35		8 24	Tidioute		1 09	[illegible]
3 10		7 00	Oil City		2 35	[illegible]
8 45		8 35	Pittsburg		[illegible]	7 50
a. m.		p. m.			p. m.	a. m.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

LEAVE ROCHESTER at 7 30 a. m. and 3:55 p. m. arriving at Olean 7 35 p. m. and 9:17 p. m. LEAVE OLEAN at 7:08 a. m. and 1:54 p. m. arriving at Rochester at 7:15 and 12:10 p.m.

WM. S. BALDWIN, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Sup't.
J. W. WATSON, Supt. Narrow Gauge Division

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division. On and after August 1, 1884, trains will leave Emporium as follows: For Philadelphia, New York and the East, Baltimore, Washington and the South, 8:20 a. m., and 8:40 p. m. on week days.

For Kane, Warren, Corry, Erie and intermediate stations 11:25 a. m. on week days.

For Kane and intermediate stations 7:25 p. m. on week days.

ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG R. R.

New Time Table, take effect Monday, Feb. 17, 1884.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

EASTWARD. Acc.	EASTWARD. Mail	EASTWARD. Exp.	STATIONS. Eastern Time.	WESTWARD. Mail	WESTWARD. Exp.	WESTWARD. Acc.
a. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
9 35	9 10	11 35	ar Rochester lv	6 45	5 30	[illegible]
9 29	8 37	11 04	Scottsville	7 15	[illegible]	[illegible]
8 42	8 21	10 49	Mumford	7 21	6 08	[illegible]
8 23	8 01	10 30	Leroy	7 42	6 25	[illegible]
8 00	7 41	0 12	Pavilion	8 00		[illegible]
7 45	7 28	10 00	lv Wyoming ar	[illegible]	6 58	6 15
	7 16		ar	8 12		
7 30	7 05	9 48	Warsaw	8 24	7 05	[illegible]
7 10	6 49	9 33	Silver Lake Jun	8 36	7 2[illegible]	[illegible]
a. m.	6 36	9 21	Gainesville	8 49	7 31	
	6 25	9 14	Pike	8 59	7 40	
	6 12	9 01	Rossburg	9 12	7 51	
	5 59	8 46	Farmersville	9 41	8 17	
	5 39	8 30	Machias	9 46	8 32	
	5 21	8 12	Ashford	10 22	8 50	
	4 55	7 47	Ellicottville	10 33	8 [illegible]	
	4 44	7 36	Bradford Junc	10 36	9 1[illegible]	
	4 20	7 15	lv Salamanca ar	11 03	9 30	
	4 10	7 05	ar	10 25	9 [illegible]	
	4 34	7 27	Carrollton	11 1[illegible]	9 31	
	4 42	6 56	Limestone	11 24	9 43	
	3 47	6 45	lv Bradford ar	11 50	[illegible]	
	3 30	6 30	ar	12 20	10 1[illegible]	
	2 50	6 03				
	2 34	5 34	Custer City	12 41	10 12	
	12 28	3 53	Johnsonb'g Jun	2 [illegible]	12 [illegible]	
	12 05	3 30	Ridgway	3 [illegible]	12 [illegible]	
	11 44	3 10	Little Toby	4 4[illegible]	12	
	11 14	2 45	Brockwayville	4 [illegible]		
	10 39	2 10	lv Falls Creek ar	4 [illegible]		
		1 50	ar lv			
	0 30	1 40	DuBois	4 40	2 31	
	10 08		Carlisle	5 06		
	10 22	1 14	Sykes	5 12	2 52	
	9 54		Cramer	5 20		
	9 41	12 55	Big Run	5 28	3 17	
	9 30	12 44	Bells Mills	5 45		
	9 19	12 33	Punxsutawney	5 57	3 32	
	9 15	12 0	lv Clayville ar	6 00	3 3[illegible]	
	a. m.	a. m.		p. m.	a. m.	
		5 00	lv Pittsburg ar		7 50	
		p. m.	Allegh'y Val R'd		a. m.	

BUFFALO DIVISION.

EASTWARD. Exp.	EASTWARD. Mail	EASTWARD. Exp.	STATIONS.	WESTWARD. Mail	WESTWARD. Exp.
a. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.
8 00	7 25		Ar. Buffalo Lv.	8 20	7 45
			William st. Dep.		
7 26	6 50		Orchard Park	4 50	[illegible]
7 14	6 37		West Falls	9 09	[illegible]
7 01	6 30		Golden	9 22	[illegible]
6 46	6 08		Springville	9 45	9 [illegible]
6 12	5 31		West Valley	10 16	9 [illegible]
5 55	5 15		Ashford	10 34	10 17
a. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.

☞ Trains leaving Buffalo make direct connections at Ashford, with all trains on the Rochester Division for all points east and west on this line.

The Express trains connect at Buffalo with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for points east, with L. S. & M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R. and Grand Trunk for all points in Michigan and West; at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for the west, and Erie R. R. for the east. The Express Trains leaving Buffalo connect at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O and Erie railroads for points east and west; at Bradford with Narrow Gauge system for all points in Oil Regions; at Johnsonburg for all points on the P. & E. R. R. The afternoon Express from Buffalo connects at Falls Creek with A. V. R. R. for Pittsburgh and points east and west. Passengers from Pittsburgh for Buffalo and Rochester and intermediate stations, should take the Allegheny Valley R. R. train leaving Union depot, Pittsburgh, at 8:50 p.m. Buffalo passengers take Belt Line R. R. for William Street depot.

Connections for east and west are made at Rochester with the New York Central & Hudson River R. R. and at Salamanca with the N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, Mansfield, Cincinnati, Chicago and the west, also with the Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and eastern points; at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge System to all points in the oil regions; at Ridgway with P. & E. R. R. for Emporium, Williamsport, Philadelphia and Baltimore; at Falls Creek with Allegheny Valley R. R. for Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the west and south.

I. S. EMERY, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Superintendent.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Sept. 1, 1884.

AR. EASTW'D.		STATIONS.	LV. WESTW'D	
a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.
7.36	1.16	Coudersport	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.12	1.06	Hammonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.04	12.58	Olmsted	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.49	12.51	Nelsons	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.42	12.46	Knowlton	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.41	12.36	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.40	12.30	Pomeroy Bridge	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.32	12.24	Burtville	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.26	12.18	Silver Spring	6.06	[illegible]
6.18	12.14	Coleman	6.12	[illegible]
6.12	12.06	Port Allegany	6.20	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.
B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.